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HONGKONG DISPENSARY AND KOWLOON DISPENSARY.

BIRTH.

BARKER.—On the 25th April, at Swatow, to Mr. and Mrs. SYDNEY BARKER, a son.

[324]

HONGKONG OFFICE: 10A, DES VŒUX ROAD.
LONDON OFFICE: 131, FLEET STREET, E.C.

The Daily Press.

HONGKONG, APRIL 29th, 1914.

THERE can be but one opinion concerning the terrible outrage committed by pirates near Kiao Island on Monday night, and that is, that far more effective measures must be taken at once to put a stop to such outrages. The present makes the third piracy of this description which has taken place in precisely the same locality within the past twelve months. A strong gang of armed pirates took possession of the *Shing-tai*, and thoroughly looted her at the same spot just twelve months ago; the same place was chosen for the looting of the *Shing-tai*; and now, within a month, we have to record an outrage which surpasses in audacity any of those previously reported; for, thwarted in their attempts to overcome the officers, the pirates deliberately saturated the ship with paraffin and set her on fire. Evidently they had calculated on safely escaping from the ship, but the fire spread with such rapidity that they became, so to speak, "hoist with their own petard" and had to take their chance with the rest of the four hundred odd people on board. While it is possible many of them have lost their lives, it is not unlikely that some of them are among the rescued who have been wisely taken to the police station, where, we presume, they will be detained until the police are satisfied that those who are allowed to go to their homes are free from the suspicion of being associated with the piratical gang.

Since the first piracy of the *Tai On* just a year ago, river steamers at Hongkong flying the British flag have been required to make certain structural alterations with a view to affording protection from pirates. Communication between decks was required to be barred by steel grilles, and wheel-houses were protected by grilles and steel casings. On the steamer of the Hongkong, Canton and Macao Steamboat Co.

these protective measures cost, we believe, something like \$7,500, so that, although on the Chinese-owned boats this work has been far less efficiently done, it can be said that altogether in the past two years the owners of steamboats have been put to very considerable expense in the matter. And what is the use of it all? If a gang of pirates were among a ship's complement of passengers and wanted to get to the bridge deck, the barred gangways would be no barrier: they would come up the staircases and clamber over the rails. This would present no difficulties to the class of men from whom pirate gangs are recruited. And in the case of the *Tai On* we see what happens when the officers succeed in confining the pirates to the lower decks. They retaliate by burning the ship!

The searching of passengers, as it is done at the present time, is equally ineffective to prevent piratical outrages. We had it in evidence given at the Magistracy less than a week ago, in connection with the piracy of the *Chidar*, that one police constable with fifteen Chinese detectives were expected to search the passengers of four river-boats which were leaving at the same time. These four ships between them may carry at the very least about a thousand passengers, and it is manifestly impossible for such a detective staff to search but a fraction of that number. Pirates might easily escape the searchers on the gangway side of a ship by boarding her from sampans or junks on the water side. It is true that the ships also carry a small guard as a further measure of protection, but to search every passenger on these crowded boats, and to search every corner of the ship for arms, would need very much larger forces than are now employed. There are two theories as to how arms are smuggled on board. One is that the smugglers are women, and that they conceal the arms about their persons in the confident expectation of being able to pass the detectives without such a searching of the person as male passengers have usually to undergo. The other theory is that arms are brought on board at points in the Delta where passengers embark with their baggage without any sort of search: that the arms are then concealed on the ship. Thus the pirates in the guise of passengers are able to go ashore at Hongkong and return to the ship just before her departure without the necessity of carrying their weapons with them. Which of these two theories is the correct one must be left to those who can determine. There are some Chinese steamers which never seem to receive the unpleasant attentions of the pirates, and it would be interesting to know whether it is due to the exercise of more stringent precautions, or whether, as some suppose, these companies make an arrangement with the pirates, just as householders in Canton insure themselves against theft by paying a subscription to the Thieves' Guild.

Extraordinary crimes require extreme remedies. We have emphasised the fact that three of the most outrageous piracies which have occurred in the neighbourhood of the Colony within the past twelve months have happened in an area which lies beyond the limit of British territorial waters and extends to Wangmün, a distance of, say, seven miles. We would draw special attention to the fact that river-boats going from Wangmün to Kongmoo are escorted by a Chinese gunboat, as are also the river-boats running up the West River from Canton. This has been done, we believe, ever since Admiral Moon, about five years ago, took the drastic step of policing the waters of the Canton delta by British vessels, and ceasing to do so only when he was satisfied that the Chinese authorities had made proper arrangements for ensuring proper respect for the British flag on the River. The small stretch of sea to which we have referred as the scene of the recent outrageous piracies is left absolutely unguarded, though the neighbouring coast line is known to be infested by pirates. China begins to afford protection to shipping craft at Wangmün, and among shipping men the impression prevails that it was tacitly understood when Admiral Moon withdrew his patrol from the River that the duty of policing the waters up to Wangmün should be left to the British. We do not know whether there is any basis in fact for this impression, but one thing is certain, that it is a duty which both the British and Chinese naval authorities practically neglect. It is impossible for the British Government to allow this menace to British trade to continue. If the Chinese Government are not prepared to at once provide a naval escort over this stretch of water for ships plying between Hongkong

and the West River ports, as they do beyond Wangmün, the precedent created by Admiral Moon should be followed forthwith by the British Government. We fear there is not much hope of success for such a measure as that suggested by the Hon. Mr. Hewer at the meeting of the Chamber of Commerce yesterday. It is well-known that the whole district of Hongmün is overrun with pirates, and no detective force that the Hongkong and Canton Governments can provide is likely to effect their extermination. On the other hand, experience in the Delta has shown that the presence of a gunboat inspires the pirates with a wholesome fear of the consequences of indulging their propensities, and this leads us to believe that the only way to ensure respect for the British flag on these river steamers is to provide them with a naval escort on that section of their voyage where they are now left absolutely unprotected, or to at least station a gunboat at Kiao.

Mr. H. Percy Smith left by the German mail steamer *Prinzess Alice* yesterday for home on holiday.

Mr. W. L. Carter, Manager of The China and Japan Telephone Co., Ltd., has reported to the police that between the 1st January and the 24th inst., anchor cable, valued at \$120, was stolen from the beach at Tai Wan, near the cable house.

There were ten cases of small-pox in the Colony last week, eight proving fatal. One was a British case and the rest Chinese, one being an imported case. There were also three fatal cases of enteric fever (all Chinese) and two non-fatal cases of diphtheria, one being a British case and the other American.

According to a recent San Francisco paper, "A wholesale criminal prosecution on the charge of defrauding the United States Government out of millions of dollars by the systematic practice of filing incorrect invoices hangs over the heads of the merchant princes of Chinatown." It is said that the San Francisco customs have been defrauded of \$100,000 gold yearly by means of incorrect invoices.

TIGER SEEN AGAIN AT POKFULUM.

The occupiers of Bismar Villa, Pokfulum, were awakened early yesterday morning by their Chinese servants who in great excitement reported that the tiger had just been seen outside the gate on the path leading up to the Pokfulum Road. The European occupiers proceeded to the spot where the tiger had been seen, but the animal meanwhile had moved away. Needless to say, the pursuers did all they could to trace the tracks of the animal which were found on the wet ground leading into the brushwood, which is very thick at that spot. When asked to give a description the Chinese reported that the height of the beast is about 45 inches. Stripes! Stripes! all right! They added that the tiger was leisurely making his way back into the underbrush when he caught sight of them.

OLD BEDFORDIANS' DINNER IN HONGKONG.

There are now many old Bedfordians in Hongkong, and it was arranged, in order that they should meet and talk over bygone days, that a dinner should be held at the Hongkong Hotel on Saturday evening last. About eighteen "old" members turned up, and spent a very enjoyable evening together. Mr. Justice Gompertz and Major Barrett, 126th Baluchistan Infantry, the two senior members, occupied the President's and Vice-President's chairs respectively. Others present included—Mr. G. C. Moxon, Lieut. Bradney, D.C.L.I., Lieut. Wilshire, R.A., Lieut. Bisdee, D.C.L.I., Lieut. Thomas, R.A., Lieut. Thomas, R.M.L.I., Lieut. Thomas, 126th Baluchistan Infantry, Lieut. Pressey, R.E., Lieut. Fordham, R.E., Mr. Murdoch, Lieut. Kellie, R.A., Lieut. Smyth, R.A. After dinner the toast of the King was proposed and heartily drunk. The next toast was that of the School, proposed by Mr. Gompertz, who also gave a short account of how successful the school had been in the past and in the present in passing fellows into the Army, Navy, Civil Service, etc. He next touched upon the successes the school had gained in the sports line, in football, in cricket and in rowing. Major Barrett replied and gave some amusing anecdotes. The toast of "The Masters of the School" was next proposed by Mr. Moxon, who dwelt upon the success of the old school as being due in large measure to the active interest taken by the masters. Later in the evening songs were sung, after which the company broke up, but to meet again together next year and in future years, and so make the Old Bedfordians' dinner an annual institution.

TELEGRAMS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

AFFAIRS IN ULSTER. "GRAVE AND UNPRECEDENTED OUTRAGE."

A STEAMER DETAINED.

LONDON, April 28th.

In the House of Commons to-day some ninety questions regarding Ulster were asked and answered practically in silence, the position being regarded as too grave for a continuance of the recent angry retorts.

Sir Edward Carson and Captain Craig sat on the Opposition Benches.

Mr. Asquith, replying to Mr. Longh, said:—"In view of this grave and unprecedented outrage, the House may rest assured that the Government will take, without delay, the proper steps to vindicate the authority of the law, to protect the officers and servants of the King—(loud cheers)—and His Majesty's subjects in the exercise of their duties and the enjoyments of their legal rights."

Mr. Asquith was given an audience late in the afternoon by His Majesty the King, after which a full meeting of the Cabinet was held.

Mr. Birrell has interviewed the Viceroy of Ireland (the Earl of Aberdeen).

NO INSTRUCTIONS YET TO MOVE TROOPS.

In the House of Lords, Lord Greve informed Lord Lansdowne that there had been no instruction to move troops in Ireland. He could say nothing as to whether movements were contemplated.

RENEWED ACTIVITY.

Last night there was renewed activity in Ulster. Between Bangor and Newton fifty motor cars were transporting rifles and ammunition, and special Volunteer patrols worked unimpeded, the police expecting warrants which did not arrive.

Mr. Asquith, Mr. Churchill and Sir John Simon have conferred at Downing Street.

Up to the present there have been no movement of troops to Ireland.

The Volunteers are watching the police in case any attempt is made to seize arms.

The Ulster Volunteers have opened a fund for the family of the dead constable.

A STEAMER DETAINED.

A message from Larne states that the steamer *Roma* has been detained at Ayr on a charge of illegal carriage of arms. It is alleged that the *Roma* was about to sail for Ayr on Friday night, when she was seized by the Ulster Volunteers employed in taking arms from a gun-runner bound for Belfast. The crew were powerless.

WATCHING THE MOVEMENTS OF MOTOR CARS. Everything was quiet in Londonderry yesterday, and apparently the police had no special orders except to closely watch the movements of motor cars. Motorists on pleasure had their numbers taken at every barracks in Donegal.

THE BELFAST POLICE COMMAND. General Macready, Director of Personal Services at the War Office, has taken over the command of the police in the Belfast district.

WARSHIPS AT LARNE AND LAMLAH. Five warships arrived at Larne yesterday, and played searchlights on the town, and on the entrance to Belfast Lough.

The *Daily News* states that the Ulster police have been reinforced, and have been ordered to search motor-cars, and to arrest the occupants if any arms are found.

The *Daily Mail* states that six dreadnoughts, including the *Collingwood*, with the Prince of Wales, on board, arrived at Lamlash yesterday.

LORD ROBERTS AND SIR EDWARD CARSON. The *Daily Telegraph* says that Lord Roberts visited Sir Edward Carson yesterday, and that they have been seeing each other fairly frequently of late.

HOME TURF.

THE TETRARCH NOT TO RUN IN THE GUINEAS.

LONDON, April 28th.

The newspapers announce, with apparent authority, that the Tetrarch will not compete in the race for the Two Thousand Guineas which is to be run at Newmarket on the 29th inst. (to-day).

LATER.

Mr. Perse, the trainer of the Tetrarch states that the horse is a non-starter for the Two Thousand Guineas.

TELEGRAMS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

THE MEXICO CRISIS.

AMERICAN CONSUL IMPRISONED.

LONDON, April 28th.

Mr. Hanna, the American Consul-General at Monterey, reports that on the 21st inst. the Federal troops besieged the Consulate, and demanded the lowering of the United States flag. Next day they broke in and searched the Consulate, and took Mr. Hanna through the streets, followed by a mob, to the penitentiary. From thence he was taken to the Palace, where he was court-martialled and imprisoned on a charge of sympathising with the rebels. On the 24th inst. the rebels captured the city and released Mr. Hanna.

The report has incensed President Wilson and Mr. Bryan.

Admiral Fletcher has ordered all non-combatant Americans to leave Vera Cruz. Anti-American demonstrations continue in various Mexican towns on the frontier.

A train flying the British flag and bearing Commander Tweedie of H.M.S. *Exeter*, with despatches from Rear-Admiral Craddock for Sir Lionel Carden, has left Vera Cruz for Mexico City.

WASHINGTON, April 28th.

It is announced that President Huerta has accepted the offer of the South American Republics for mediation.

Arrangements have been completed for all Americans to leave Mexico City.

LARNO, April 28th.

The Federal troops who evacuated Nuevo Laredo on Friday, afterwards entered Texas. American troops drove them back, killing 10 and wounding 20. The Americans sustained no loss. The Constitutionists have occupied Nuevo Laredo.

BERLIN, April 28th.

England, France and Germany have urged President Huerta to comply with the United States demand.

WASHINGTON, April 28th.

Mr. Bryan has granted the Japanese Ambassador permission for Japanese desiring to leave Mexico to find a temporary refuge in the United States. A suspension of the immigration laws will be necessary to this end.

HUERTA ACCEPTS MEDIATION.

WASHINGTON, April 27th.

The Mexican Foreign Minister has cabled to the Spanish Ambassador an official acceptance of the offer of mediation.

PARLIAMENTARY NEWS.

PLURAL VOTING AND ARMY ANNUAL BILLS PASS SECOND READING.

LONDON, April 28th.

The House of Lords has passed the second reading of the Army Annual Bill. The Plural Voting Bill passed the second reading in the House of Commons by 324 votes to 247.

Owing to the exigencies of the political situation the Budget has been postponed until May 4th.

ANOTHER SUFFRAGETTE OUTRAGE.

LONDON, April 27th.

The Bath Hotel at Felixstowe has been gutted, suffragettes being suspected as the cause.

AFFAIRS IN ALBANIA.

ATHENS, April 28th.

The Greek troops have completely evacuated the northern portion of Epirus.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, April 28th.

The death is announced of Sir George Doughty, Unionist M.P. for Great Grimsby.

[The deceased was a prominent merchant and shipowner, and was twice Mayor of Grimsby.]

The death is also announced of Mr. William Edwin Harvey M.P. (Lib. Lab.) for the N.E. division of Derby since 1907.

WIRELESS COURTSHIP ENDS IN MARRIAGE.

Dr. Mawson, the Antarctic explorer, was married yesterday to Miss Delprat, the daughter of a mine owner, whom he wooed by "wireless" while in the Antarctic.

HUGE KEROSENE TANK AFIRE AT LAI-CHI-KOK.

One of the huge oil tanks at the Standard Oil Company's depot at Lai-chi-kok caught fire in some mysterious way yesterday afternoon, shortly after 3 o'clock, and will involve the loss of nearly a million gallons of kerosene. One of the Company's European employees happened to be quite near the tank, which contained nearly 1,500,000 gallons, when he heard a dull boom, and on looking around saw that the roof of the tank, made of steel plates, had fallen in, owing, it is believed, to the collapse of a stay inside the tank. The kerosene took fire by some means which has not yet been explained, and enormous flames leapt up into the sky. The alarm was at once given, and two fire-floats were immediately despatched to the scene.

The only course open to the Fire Brigade was to prevent the great flames from reaching the adjoining tanks, of which there were three, and buildings containing naphtha. A large contingent of Indian soldiers were sent for, and rendered invaluable assistance in pouring water on buildings near the fire, for the purpose of keeping their temperature normal. Oil was pumped from the bottom of the burning tank into another large receptacle, and the temperature of this was taken at intervals. Happily, the wind took the flames and enormous volumes of dense smoke away from the other tanks in the direction of the sea, and as long as the wind not change the safety of the other tanks is regarded as assured. The heat was terrific, and the top of the thick steel walls of the tanks became red hot and were then twisted out of shape.

Indian soldiers were ordered to remove 14,000 tins of naphtha from a red-brick building within a comparatively short distance of the fire, as in the unlikely event of the tank walls collapsing, the oil would pour out and create an immense conflagration, most probably involving this and other surrounding erections. It is thought that the fire will last for at least 24 hours.

At an early hour this morning huge tongues of flame were illuminating the sky.

THE PLAGUE EPIDEMIC.

There were no fewer than 193 cases of plague reported in the Colony last week—118 in the City of Victoria and 75 in districts other than the city. The victims included—2 Malays, 5 Japanese, 2 Indians, 1 British and the rest were Chinese. The deaths from plague during the week numbered 151. The total number of cases reported since the beginning of the year was 810 up to Saturday last—4 being European cases, 785 Chinese, and 21 other Asiatics. The deaths totalled 726, of which number 712 were Chinese and 14 other Asiatics. The European cases were not fatal. Tsimsa-tai, Hungmoo, Stanley and Aberdeen were the only districts free of plague last week, but only one case was reported from Tai-kok-tai. Yaumati figures as the worst district, having 41 cases and 27 deaths.

ROYAL HONGKONG YACHT CLUB.

The Royal Hongkong Yacht Club will hold a "Ladies' Day" on Saturday next, the chief item being a race for two prizes presented by H.E. the Governor for yachts of the handicap and one-design classes, started by Ladies. The race will start from the Club House at 2.45 p.m. There will also be a Cruiser Race for two prizes presented, starting at 2.30 p.m. The course for the Ladies' Race will be Channel Rock (S), Lyceum Beacon (S), Kowloon Rock (P); and for the Cruiser Race, Lyceum Beacon (S), Cust Rocks Buoy (P), Channel Rocks (S).

COUNSEL'S "FATHER-IN-LAW."

In an appeal in London recently both of the Scottish Law Officers of the Crown were engaged; Lord Shaw was one of the Judges, and his son, the Hon. Alex. Shaw, addressed the Court for the appellant. Lord Shaw greeted his son with a smile when he rose to follow the Lord Advocate. But there once was a more poignant case in which the late Robert Wallace, K.C., his son's junior at the English bar, had to address the latter (also engaged in an appeal case) as "my learned senior."

3,500,000 EGGS.

CHINESE FOWLS ESTABLISH RECORD.

The Canadian Pacific Railway headquarters in Montreal have been notified that the steamship *Asia*, bound from China, has arrived at Vancouver, containing 3,500,000 Chinese eggs. These are in the shell and not in barrels as heretofore, and are consigned to different parts of Canada and the United States.

This is the largest shipment of eggs in the shell that has been received from China, and it is expected that from now on the price of eggs on this continent will be materially affected by the crop laid by the Chinese fowl. So far, eggs have been shipped broken in barrels, but the shipment of eggs unbroken in the shell is a comparatively new departure.—*Canadian Mail*.

ANOTHER PIRACY ON THE "TAI ON."

STEAMER SATURATED WITH KEROSENE AND BURNT BY PIRATES.

ABOUT TWO HUNDRED LIVES LOST.

We have had in recent years to record many piratical outrages on river steamers plying between Hongkong and the West River ports, but the outrage on the *Tai On*, of which news reached the Colony early yesterday morning, is one of the most audacious in the record.

It appears that the *Tai On* cleared on Monday night at her usual time, 7 o'clock, for Kowloon, carrying a general cargo, 263 passengers and a crew of about 40, the officers being Captain Wetherell, Chief Officer Evans and Chief Engineer T. D. McCartney. (The latter was on the *Tai On* when the ship was pirated in the same locality some 12 months ago). Nothing untoward happened until nearly 10 o'clock, the steamer being then off Kai Au, when a number of pirates among the passengers made their presence known. Armed with Mausers, they threatened the terrified passengers, but must have found considerable difficulty in covering the whole of them. There was a commotion, which awakened the "skipper," who was in his cabin. Instantly the suspicion that pirates were aboard entered his mind, and his action was as quick as his thought. He rushed to the bridge, seized a "duck-shot" gun, and was in time to see the first pirate attempt to clamber on to the bridge. He fired at him at once, and the robber received the full charge in the stomach. The other two European officers were on the bridge, and augmented by two Portuguese guards, they offered a determined and ultimately successful resistance to the pirates' attack. For a brief while there was a veritable battle, the officers and Portuguese guards sniping away with deadly effect and they ultimately drove the pirates from the bridge deck, leaving several dead and wounded.

Some of the pirates had actually got on the bridge, and the Chief Engineer had an extremely narrow escape. A pirate had him by the throat, and was trying to strangle him, when Captain Wetherell came to the rescue, and shot the would-be murderer. Some of his duck-shot, lodged in the Chief Engineer's hips. When the pirates retired to the lower decks, they stopped the engines, plunged the ship in darkness by cutting off the electric light, and then put the steering gear out of order. They then hazarded their own lives and those of the remainder on board by breaking open some tins of kerosene among the cargo, saturating the deck with the oil and setting fire to the ship fore and aft. By some it is believed that this was done with the object of cowering the Captain and his gallant band to submission; by others, it is suggested that they fired the ship in a diabolical fit of frenzy and anger at being balked. In any case, they failed to take cognisance of the probability of the ship burning so fiercely as to prevent all possibility of any person on board—including themselves, of course—from escaping by the boats. The fire spread so rapidly that within a few minutes she was alight from stem to stern, and among the first objects to be destroyed were the boats.

Many of the Chinese passengers and crew leapt overboard and swam about in the muddy water, others hung over the side of the vessel, and many more must have succumbed either from drowning or from burns. The distress signal was hoisted, rockets sent up into the darkness of the night, and the steamer's whistles blown. At about 10.20 p.m. the master of the *Shun Lee*, Captain John Somerville, observed the rockets sent up from the *Tai On*, and heard the ill-fated steamer's whistles. He immediately steered his vessel toward her. On getting up to her he allowed his engines, and dropped anchor in 12 ft. of water, about four cables from the *Tai On*. He then observed a fork of flame at one end of the steamer, and with a shock realised that she was afire. He promptly ordered three boats of the *Shun Lee* out, and all hands in readiness to assist in rescue work. At about 11.30 p.m. the three boats pulled away to the burning ship, and from that time up till 4 o'clock yesterday morning they were plying to and fro, picking up people from the water.

The *Shun On*, *Hoi Sang*, and *W'o Kwai* also observed the signals of the *Tai On*, and drew as near as possible. Boats were sent out from these steamers also. Spectators of the scene describe it as one never to be forgotten. The flames brought the *Tai On* out into strong relief, and

the spectacle was terrifying. The cries and screams of women and children struggling in the water made the night hideous, and this night of horrors will live for ever in the memory of those who participated. The Captain and Chief Engineer were the last to leave the *Tai On*, thus adhering to the high traditions of British seamanship. Hope for the ship had long been abandoned and there was no other alternative than to forsake the vessel. Both jumped overboard, and the Chief Engineer was picked up by the *Shun On*, which also rescued 32 others. Captain Wetherell was picked up by the *W'o Kwai*, and transferred to the *Hoi Sang*, the First Officer of which (Mr. Gough) also saved several others in a ship's boat. The Chief Officer of the *Tai On*, who had dropped overboard about a quarter of an hour before the Captain, has not since been seen, and grave fears are entertained as to his fate. The *Shun Lee* conveyed about 120 survivors to Hongkong yesterday morning. Both the *Shun On* and the *Shun Lee* stood by through the night, and until no further useful service could be rendered.

The *Hoi Sang* was the first to arrive with the tidings early yesterday morning. WHERE WERE THE POLICE? As the vessel entered Capsulum she let off rockets and kept continually whistling. Eight bombs were also exploded, but we are informed that it was two hours before the police came to the ship, and it was not till several hours later that a torpedo-boat was dispatched to the scene with the Superintendent of Police and a large escort on board.

Altogether just over 180 were brought down to Hongkong, and the police suspect that some of these are pirates. The firing of the vessel placed them in the same plight as the passengers, and they had no means of escaping.

All the survivors brought down have been detained, pending enquiries. Seven were sent to hospital suffering either from bullet wounds or burns. The Chief Engineer was also sent to hospital.

BRAVERY OF THE CAPTAIN. Our representative interviewed Captain Wetherell early yesterday morning. He was obviously a bit unnerved by his experience, but excepting that his hair had been badly burnt, and that there were significant powder marks on his hands, he was little the worse for the encounter and his subsequent nerve-racking experience. He told his tale simply and modestly. He is not the man to respond to an invitation to give a "descriptive" story. He said that the spot where the pirates made their attack was just where the *Tai On* was pirated about twelve months ago, and where the *Shing Tai* was held-up only a month ago. He could not make an estimate of the number of pirates aboard. His statement bore out the account of the affair given above, and when a reference was made to the services of the Portuguese guard, he praised them highly and said it is to them that the European officers largely owe the preservation of their lives.

From other sources we learn that the skipper is much too modest in speaking of the part he played in the affair. He really distinguished himself by his gallantry, and the Chief Engineer, for one, certainly owes his life to him. Captain Wetherell remained on his ship to the last. The Chief Officer had jumped overboard with an oar a quarter of an hour before the Captain dropped into the water. He and the Chief Engineer did all they could to get the passengers to leave the ship, and when it was no longer possible to stand on the ship they hung over the side clutching to the open port holes, shouting counsel to the terrified passengers. The Chief Engineer finally had to let go, as his hands were being scorched, and Captain Wetherell bade him "good-bye," in doubt whether they would ever see one another again. The Captain still managed to hold on for some time and finally had to let go himself. He was picked up by one of the *Kwong Wai*'s boats and brought on to Hongkong by the *Hoi Sang* whether the steamer proceeded with all possible speed to give notice to the authorities.

The ship usually carries four Portuguese guards, but on this trip only two were on board. One, named Dies, was formerly a soldier at Macao, and the other, named L. J. de Silva, is a married man, with a family residing in Hongkong. Both are reported missing.

Captain Somerville, seen by a representative of the *Daily Press*, told how on Monday night he saw the *Lintan* pass along and heard someone on board about "Tai On ashore." He, of course, immediately went to the assistance of the vessel, but did not know until he had actually anchored four cables distant that she was afire.

"I turned out every man-jack who knew how to manage a boat," he said, "and the boats were fishing around until 4.10 a.m., when the cries had all ceased and no more people were to be seen."

The Harbourmaster (Commander Basil Taylor, R.N.) went out in the Government launch *Stanley*, with the intention of towing the hull of the ship back to Hongkong, but we are informed that what remains of the vessel is under water.

Our representative failed to elicit any information concerning the nature or value of the *Tai On*'s cargo from the office, while a question as to whether the vessel was insured met with the reply that "they did not know."

The *Tai On* is a vessel of 468 tons register, owned by the Kwong On Steamship Company, whose offices are in Des Voeux Road. She flew the British flag. The vessel was fitted with steel plates and grills at either side of the bridge, thus preventing approach from the top deck, and the barbed wire entanglements also proved of great use, through the difficulty they presented to the pirates in getting on to the bridge.

THE POLICE REPORT.

At 11 a.m. yesterday our representative was informed at the Central Police Station that 168 persons had been brought from the scene of the piracy to Hongkong, and that these are being detained. According to the police report the *Tai On* left Hongkong at 7 o'clock on Monday evening, having 360 passengers on board. About 10 p.m., the ship was at Kai Au, near Macao. At this time the Captain was in his cabin, when he suddenly heard a noise as of many people rushing, which was quickly followed by revolver shots. The Captain dashed out of his cabin and found that pirates were swarming about the ship. Owing to the stand made by the Portuguese guard the pirates had been unable to reach the bridge. This had been surrounded with barbed wire, and from within this the officers put up a fight which lasted for the best part of an hour. During the fight the Chief Engineer was wounded, and up to that morning the mate had not been found. Failing to obtain possession of the bridge or command of the upper part of the vessel the pirates thereupon took command of the lower portion, engine-room, etc. Finding they were foiled in their attempt to secure loot the pirates became enraged. They damaged the machinery, shut off the electric light, and then set fire to the ship, using inflammable cargo for the purpose. The Captain fired off rockets and blue lights which attracted the *Hoi Sang*. The *Tai On* burned very quickly, and the passengers and crew, along with some of the pirates who were on board, were compelled to jump into the water, as many as possible being rescued by the crew of the *Hoi Sang*. The Captain was in the water for half an hour before he was eventually picked up by the *Hoi Sang*, during which time passengers and pirates were struggling together in the water. Soon afterwards the *Tai On* had burned down to the water-line, though there were many passengers and pirates still on board, and she drifted aground at Kai Au. The *Kwong Wai* also steamed up to the scene and assisted in the work of rescue, transferring the rescued people to the *Hoi Sang*, which eventually brought them to Hongkong. Other boats which rendered assistance were the *Shun Lee* and *Hoi On*, these two standing by from midnight until 4.30 a.m. More rescues were made and the two boats eventually came on to Hongkong. When the *Hoi Sang* arrived in Hongkong waters she sent up police signals. The police boarded the boat and took charge of the 168 passengers. Seven or eight of these were wounded, and were taken to hospital. The others have been detained, as many of them are members of the pirate gang.

HONGKONG CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING.

CHAIRMAN'S INTERESTING REVIEW.

The annual general meeting of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce was held in the old Chamber of Commerce Room at the City Hall last evening. The Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewitt, C.M.G., presided, and the firms represented, along with their representatives, were as follow:—Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation (Mr. N. J. Stabb); Butterfield & Swire (Mr. G. L. M. Edkins); Shewan, Tomes & Co. (Mr. J. A. Young); Toyo Kisen Kaisha (Mr. N. Morimoto); E. D. Sassoon & Co. (Hon. Mr. E. Shellin); Vacuum Oil Co. (Mr. W. A. Dowley); Union Insurance Society of Canton (Mr. C. P. H. Hay); Gibb, Livingston & Co. (Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar); Hongkong Electric Co. (Mr. F. Graham); Alex. Ross & Co. (Mr. A. S. D. Cousland); E. D. Sassoon & Co. (Mr. C. S. Gubbay); British American Tobacco Co. (Mr. R. D. Harvey); Standard Oil Co. (Mr. J. W. Bolles); Siemens & Co. (Mr. H. A. Siehl); Arnold, Karberg (Mr. F. Lieb); Gilman & Co. (Mr. W. L. Patience); Bradley & Co. (Messrs. J. A. Plummer and F. Bevington); J. B. Alves & Co. (Mr. J. B. Alves); China & Japan Telephone Co. (Mr. W. L. Carter); Jorge & Co. (Mr. C. V. Jorge); W. R. Loxley & Co. (Mr. W. Beattie); Messageries Maritimes Cie (Mr. P. Thomas); Carl Bodiker & Co. (Mr. F. Aron); along with the Secretary, Mr. E. A. M. Williams.

The Secretary read the notice convening the meeting, after which the minutes of the previous annual general meeting were confirmed.

The CHAIRMAN said:—The report being now in your hands for some time, I will with your permission take it as read. I will now briefly refer to the more important matters dealt with, taking them in the order in which they appear, before proposing the passing of the report.

IRREGULARITY OF THE SIBERIAN MAILS.

I regret to have to again refer to the irregular manner in which the Siberian Mails are delivered here. It is not very easy to say where the blame lies, but we believe that our Government and the other Powers concerned are equally anxious to see this service improved, and that before long this cause for complaint will be removed.

BRITISH TRADE INTERESTS IN CHINA.

It is satisfactory to note that the London Chamber of Commerce, realizing the great importance of our trading interests in China, have recently created a Far Eastern section under the Chairmanship of our friend, Mr. Keswick. We feel sure that this will prove a valuable asset in our business relations with China. Under existing conditions, and with increasingly keen competition among all nations for a share in the Far Eastern trade, it is imperative that everything possible should be done to encourage and assist our own nationals in securing a fair share of what is offering. It is a cause for regret that even now, after all these years of urging on the part of the business community, our own Government still hedges back and does not give that whole-hearted support to their nationals that is so readily accorded by their respective Governments to our competitors.

THE HARBOUR DEPARTMENT.

You will notice that a question has arisen as to alleged interference of unlicensed steam launches with the legitimate trade of licensed vessels. The proposed change was very strongly objected to by the Committee, the supposed "interference" being based on an entirely erroneous view of the situation. We trust we shall hear no more of this, but I feel compelled to refer to the matter, as this is yet one more instance of the constant attempts on the part of the present Harbour Department to interfere with, and dictate to, the shipping as to the manner in which their business is to be conducted.

INTERNATIONAL ARBITRATION.

You will see some very interesting correspondence is published under the heading of "International Arbitration," and I am sure we

are all agreed that every effort should be made to encourage arbitration in its widest sense, not only between individual disputants, but also between the different nations.

THE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH QUESTION.

I now come to a most important matter, viz. the urgent need for the erection of a suitable commercial wireless station in Hongkong. It cannot but be considered a scandal that after three years' agitation we are still without such a valuable aid to our shipping commerce in these seas. It is only quite recently that a statement was made in the House of Commons that the Government were doing all possible to improve the means of communication by sea, and here, in the second biggest shipping port in the world, we have been put off month after month, and year after year, and even yet are still unable to ascertain when this blot upon our Colonial Government will be removed. We see all round us our friends spending large sums in setting up stations, to many of which we are indebted, and have been for some considerable time past, for information as to the movements of our vessels at sea, while we ourselves are unable to communicate with the ships, except it may be through the courtesy of some other merchant vessel which happens to be in port at the moment. Until a few days ago the latest information officially received from the Hongkong Government on this important matter was dated so long ago as the 15th September (74 months ago), when the Colonial Secretary in replying to our complaint that 24 years had then already passed, during which the Chamber had been pressing for a speedy erection of a wireless station, and as yet without any tangible result, stated that "it is reasonable to suppose that there will be no great delay in carrying out the work." This, taken in conjunction with the dates already given, is, I think, in itself, a better commentary on the situation than anything I can say. I am in a position to state that the Hongkong Government has done all in its power to press the matter; the blame rests with those at Home. I think I am justified in adding that no third class shipping port in Great Britain would receive such treatment. The people there, whose lives or property are at risk, have Parliamentary votes, and therefore are in a position to force attention to their needs, which we unhappily do not possess. During the past few days a letter has been received from the Government reading as follows:—"I am directed to inform you that steps are now being taken to design the building for the reception of the plant for the radio-telegraphic station at Cape D'Aguilar." This is, of course, a step in the right direction, but as only part of the plans have been received and no details are yet to hand as to the shipment of the equipment, it will probably be the end of the year, certainly after the approaching typhoon season has passed, before we see the proposed station completed and in full working order.

TRADE CONDITIONS.

With regard to trade generally throughout the year under review, this may, I think, be described as fair, a not at all satisfactory condition of affairs in view of the size of China, her varied resources, and her enormous population of industrious and business-like people. The disturbances which have, and unhappily still are, constantly breaking out in one or other part of the country, show that matters are still very far from what they should be, and give cause for considerable anxiety as to the future. Many districts are given over to brigandage, while, as we have only too good reason to know, piracy is again becoming a serious hindrance to trade, resulting in loss of life and property, and unless energetically and effectively dealt with may lead to serious complications. Want of money and want of a sufficient number of capable and trained officials is largely responsible for this state of affairs, and while in time these will no doubt be forthcoming, this, of course, is largely a question of time, and meanwhile the country suffers. We believe that the Treaty Powers are honestly endeavouring to help China towards the goal for which she is working, and we regret therefore that we still have individual cases to complain of want of good faith on the part of certain high local officials towards foreigners, and of a continuance of their old policy of indifference to, and disregard of, treaty obligations.

CURRENCY PROBLEMS.

I must now make a brief reference to two other matters of considerable importance to the trade of this Colony. The first is our subsidiary coinage. As you are aware, this coinage was drawn to a heavy and steadily increasing discount, owing to the importation of large quantities of Chinese subsidiary coin, in consequence of which many of our local Companies suffered severely. The recent action of the Hongkong Government in prohibiting the circulation in the Colony of alien subsidiary coins was a wise and necessary measure which will gradually bring about the desired object, i.e., obtaining a more or less stationary value in the neighbourhood of par for this coinage. I may mention that the legislation dealing with the matter was based on broad lines, and should not interfere with the Chinese local trade which is largely financed in Chinese small coin, as the Government, while prohibiting the actual circulation, have not prohibited the importation of these coins, and they can therefore be dealt with through the medium of recognised Chinese banks and exchange shops. The second matter is one of very much greater importance. I refer to the question of the Canton note issue. The steady depreciation in the value of these notes (at present they are quoted at something like 80 per cent. discount) has become a most serious matter and is having a very disastrous effect on the trade of South China. In fact, all import business is practically at a standstill for the time being. Rumour puts the outstanding circulation of Canton notes at some \$30 to \$35 millions, and until decisive steps are taken to rehabilitate the issue, trade must suffer. I understand this matter is engaging the serious attention of the Central Government, and that there is some prospect of its being dealt with in the near future. I would strongly recommend urgency in dealing with the question, as I am convinced it would be far

cheaper for the Central Government of China to take steps to have the discredited Canton notes issued replaced by an issue based on sound lines, which would establish confidence, rather than let the present unsatisfactory situation continue with all its contingent dangers to both peace and trade. In my address last year I referred to the effect of the opening of the Panama Canal would have in our Colony, and to the possibility of it being found necessary to consider the question of dredging the harbour. I have nothing further to add on this point, as we can only now wait and see if this new route is likely to result in larger and deeper draught vessels visiting our port. You are, I presume, all aware that in this connection another point has arisen, viz., as to whether we may not run the risk of adding yellow fever to the other ills to which we, who are resident in this part of the globe, are heir to. It is satisfactory to know that the Government is keenly alive to the possibility of such a danger, and has already commenced an investigation as to whether the yellow fever-bearing mosquito is a fellow resident of ours. We sincerely trust not. This question brings me to another matter which requires prompt attention. In my address at our annual meeting held on 24th February, 1908, I referred to the need of a permanent quarantine station, and in support of my argument I instanced the case of a steamer arriving here with a number of coolies on board, among whom an outbreak of cholera had taken place. There then being no permanent quarantine station on shore, where so large a number of people could be accommodated, the suspects were placed on junks and treated as best might be under the circumstances. I personally represented the matter to the then Governor, and ultimately it was decided to purchase the Lai-chi-kok coolie station, which made an ideal quarantine station, where suspects could be segregated and the sick properly cared for. It is, of course, understood that, happily, the need for such a station does not frequently arise, but

(Continued on page 6.)

INTIMATIONS

**CHS. J. GAUPP
& CO.,**

WATCHMAKERS

AND

JEWELLERS.

**SURVEYING AND NAUTICAL
INSTRUMENTS.**

ZEISS PRISM BINOCULARS.

SUN GLASSES.

SILVER AND PRINCE'S PLATE.

Representatives—

**MAPPIN & WEBB,
LTD.**

LONDON.

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

CHATER ROAD.

31

CALDBECK,

MACGREGOR & CO.

(ESTABLISHED 1864).

SOLE AGENTS FOR

JUNORA

("THE WINE OF HEALTH")

APPETISER

TONIC

STIMULANT

Taken before meals, it promotes appetite; as a Tonic for convalescents and neurasthenics it is unrivalled.

32

PERTUSSIN.

Is a harmless and efficient remedy against all diseases of the respiratory organs, especially WHOOPING COUGH, CATARRH OF LARYNX, ACUTE AND CHRONIC BRONCHIAL CATARRH, ASTHMA, &c., which has been recognised unqualifiedly by the highest authorities. Also the AFFECTIONS OF THE LUNGS will be greatly relieved by the use of it.

TO BE HAD AT—
THE MEDICAL HALL,

HONGKONG.



NOTICES.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, etc., should be addressed DAILY PRESS only, special business matter THE MANAGER.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded. Orders for extra copies of DAILY PRESS should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

P.O. Box, 33. Telephone No. 18.
Telegraphic Address: "DAILY PRESS."
Codes: A.B.O. 8th Ed., Lieber's.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

THE YANGTZE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A DIVIDEND at the rate of TWENTY-FIVE per Cent., being FIFTEEN DOLLARS per Share, on the Paid-up Capital of the above Association has been Declared Payable, in Tails at Exchange 73, at the CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA or the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, Shanghai, on and after this Date, to Shareholders of Record on the 18th April, 1914.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
(Signed) W. S. JACKSON,
Secretary.
Shanghai, 26th April, 1914. [625]



GOVERNMENT BILLS, ETC.

TENDERS for SPECIE and MEXICAN DOLLARS, current in this Colony, for Telegraphic Transfer or in exchange for Sterling Bills drawn at 10 days or 3 months' sight on the London Commission of His Majesty's Treasury, London, up to and for the sum of £20,000, will be received by the TREASURY CHEST OFFICER, ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT, until 11 A.M. TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), the 29th April, 1914.

The Tenders to state the total amount (in Pounds Sterling) and whether for Telegraphic Transfer or for Bills at 10 days' or 3 months' sight, and in the case of Bills the amount for which each Bill should be drawn. No Telegraphic Transfer will be made or Bill issued for less than £100.

The Tenders to be in duplicate, and in sealed covers, addressed to the TREASURY CHEST OFFICER, ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT, and endorsed "TENDERS FOR GOVERNMENT BILLS."

The right to accept or reject any or all of the Tenders is reserved.
(Copies of Forms of Tender can be had on application.)

Persons Tendering for (Bills) are hereby notified that having regard to the provisions of the Act 22 George III Cap. 46 and 41, George III Cap. 52 the acceptance of any such Tender is subject to the express condition that no Member of the British House of Commons shall be admitted to any share or part in or to any benefit to arise from the Contract thereby made for the allotment of such (Bills).

The provisions in question do not apply to Contracts entered into by an incorporated trading Company in its corporate capacity and made for the general benefit of the Company.

J. O'HARA, Colonel, A.P.D.,
Treasury Chest Officer.

His Majesty's Treasury Office,
Hongkong, 28th April, 1914. [626]

AMERICAN AND MANCHURIAN LINE.

(ELLEMAN and BUCKNALL STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.)

THE Steamship "KIOTO,"

Captain Smith, will be despatched from Hongkong on the 25th May, for BOSTON and NEW YORK

(With liberty to call at the Malabar Coast). For freight and further particulars, apply to—

THE BANK LINE, Ltd.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 29th April, 1914. [627]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship

"FELICIANA,"

FROM HAMBURG, ANTWERP, &c.

Chartered by the Rickmers Line.

Captain H. Coffin, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whose delivery may be obtained against Bills of Lading counter-signed by the Under-sign.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods must be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 30th inst., at 9.30 a.m.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.

FRED. BORNEMANN & Co.
Hongkong, 27th April, 1914. [628]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

P.M. S.S. "KOREA,"

FROM SAN FRANCISCO AND JAPAN PORTS.

THE above-mentioned Vessel having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for countersignature and take immediate delivery of Cargo from alongside. Cargo impeding discharge will be landed immediately at Consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining on board FRIDAY, 1st May, at Noon, will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.

Cargo remaining undelivered MONDAY, 4th May, at 5 p.m., will, in addition to landing charges, be subject to storage charges.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected. All chafed and otherwise damaged Cargo will be examined at the above Company's Godown MONDAY, 4th May, at 10 a.m.

No Claims will be entertained unless accompanied by short delivery note or list of exceptions taken at the time of delivery to Consignees and signed for and on behalf of the Pacific Mail S.S. Co.

All Claims must be filed on or before 28th May, otherwise they will not be recognized.

R. C. MORRISON,
Agent.
Hongkong, 26th April, 1914. [629]

INTIMATIONS

THE ASSOCIATION OF EXPORTERS AND DEALERS OF HONGKONG.

NOTICE.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Members of the ASSOCIATION OF EXPORTERS AND DEALERS OF HONGKONG will be held TO-DAY (WEDNESDAY), the 29th April, 1914, at 4 o'clock p.m., precisely, in the OLD CHAMBER OF COMMERCE ROOM, (CITY HALL), for the following purposes—

- (1) To receive the Report and Accounts of the Committee for the year ended 31st December, 1913.
- (2) To elect a new Committee.
- (3) To transact any General Business.

By Order,
E. A. M. WILLIAMS,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 18th April, 1914. [576]



NOTICE.

CITY AND HILL DISTRICT WATER WORKS.

IT IS HEREBY NOTIFIED that in consequence of the existing shortage of water, the supply from the Mains to houses in the Rider Main Districts will be discontinued during the night of TUESDAY, the 28th inst., until further Notice.

A Supply of Water will be available from the Public Fountains in the Streets from the morning of WEDNESDAY, the 29th inst.

A. F. CHURCHILL,
Director of Public Works.
Public Works Office,
Hongkong, 27th April, 1914. [622]

ISAAC HAROLD ROBERTS,
Deceased.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that all Persons having Claims against the Estate of the above-named deceased, who died at Macao on December 13, 1913, are hereby required to send particulars of such Claims to the Under-signed on or before May 27, 1914, after which date the assets will be distributed having regard only to Claims of which Notice shall have then been given, AND NOTICE is hereby given that all Persons indebted to the said Estate are required to make immediate payment to the Under-signed.

J. W. O. DAVIDSON,
Registrar.

H.B.M. Consulate-General,
Canton, 27th April, 1914. [618]

HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LTD.

REDUCTION IN PRICE.

FROM 1st May, 1914, the Price of Current will be reduced to the following—

Electric Light and Fans... \$0.24 per unit.

Power, Lifts, Heating and Cooking... \$0.074

Power to Restricted Hour Consumers... \$3.05

Discounts will remain as before.

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 23rd April, 1914. [605]

NOTICE.

NEITHER the Captain, Owners or Agents will be Responsible for any Debts Contracted by the Officers and/or Crew of the American Barque "JAMES TURT" during her stay in this port.

Hongkong, 8th April, 1914. [631]

THE CHINA IMPORT AND EXPORT LUMBER CO., LIMITED.

ARNHOLD, KARBURG & Co.,
General Agents.

WE HAVE THIS Day Opened a LUMBER YARD and OFFICES at North Point next to the Kwong Sang Hoag Glass Factory.

The sailing Vessel "JAMES TURT" has arrived with a well assorted Cargo of about 13 Million sup. ft. of

OREGON PINE.

Planks, Timber, Floorings and Spars.

Prices will be quoted on application. All Correspondence please address to—

THE CHINA IMPORT AND EXPORT LUMBER CO., LTD.

Letter Box No. 420. Telephone No. 1710.

Hongkong, 14th April, 1914. [650]

TO THE MEDICAL PROFESSION.

MISS MORITA, CERTIFICATED MASSEUSE (with diploma in Physiology and Anatomy), will be pleased to give Massage, under medical supervision.

Address—NOMURA HOTEL,
15, 16 and 17, Connaught Road.

Telephone No. 409.

Hongkong 2nd December, 1913. [638]

報新外中港香

CRUNG NGOI SAN PO (Chinese Daily Press).

PUBLISHED DAILY, is the oldest and still immeasurably the best Advertising medium among the Native Community.

Established for over FIFTY YEARS, circulates largely throughout Southern China Indo-China.

Terms for Advertising (Translation free) can be obtained at the Office, 10A, Des Vaux Road, Central, Hongkong, 131, Fleet Street, London, or from the different Agents.

Documents translated from or into Classical or Colloquial Chinese.

R. C. MORRISON,
Agent.
Hongkong, 26th April, 1914. [632]

INTIMATIONS

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

JUST UNPACKED:

FOLDING FURNITURE. CAMP BEDS

EACH \$8.00 EACH.

WITH MOSQUITO CURTAIN AND FRAME

COMPLETE \$14.00 COMPLETE.

FOLDING CAMP TABLES

EACH \$8.50 EACH.

FOLDING PORCH CHAIRS

WITH ARMS, DUCK SEATS AND BACKS.

EACH \$7.50 EACH.

HAMMOCKS WITH VALANCE AND PILLOW

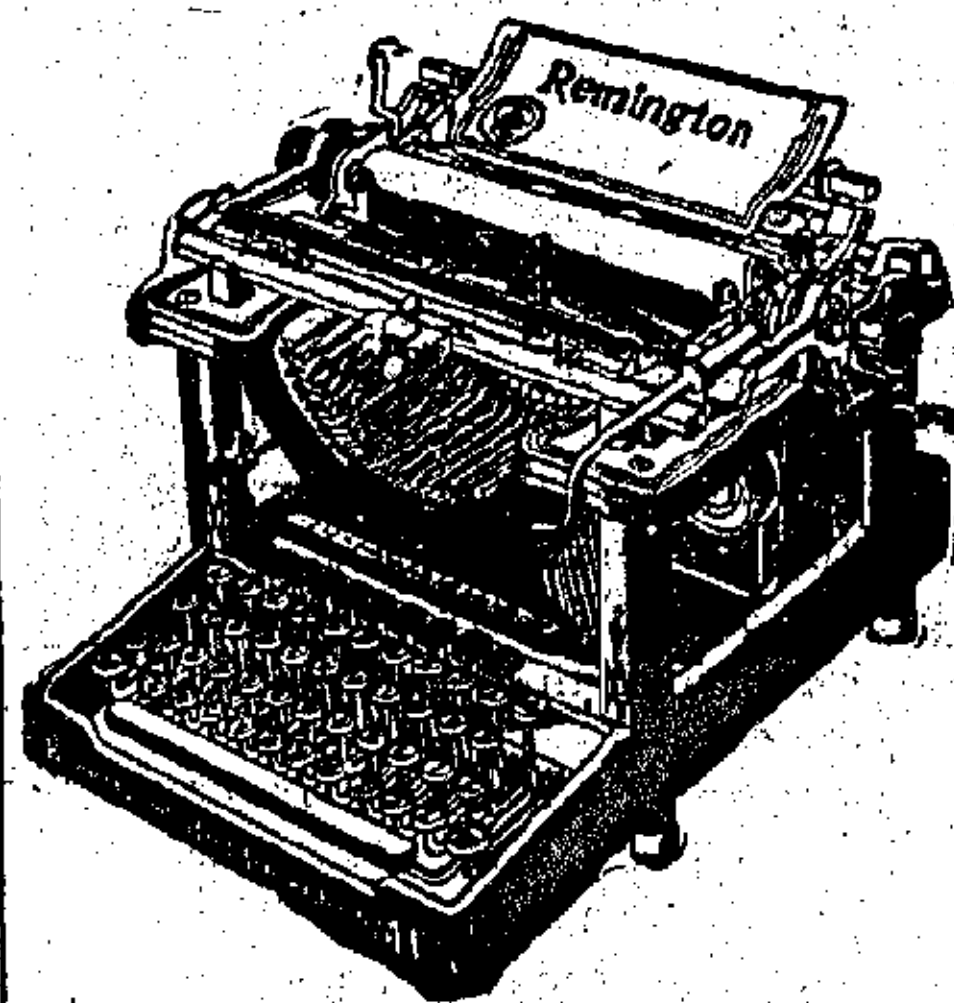
EACH \$9.50 EACH.

FOLDING DECK CHAIRS

IN STRIPED CANVAS.

EACH \$3.50 EACH.

LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.



THE NAME REMINGTON STANDS FOR

The Longest History.
The Widest Experience.
The Greatest Manufacturing Resources.
The Most Complete and Comprehensive Product.

The Largest Selling Organization of any concern in the Typewriter Business.

From every angle and from every point of view the REMINGTON qualities as the "Recognized Leader Among Typewriters"—FIRST AND ALWAYS.

Official Typewriter of the Panama-Pacific International Exposition.

REMINGTON TYPEWRITER COMPANY (Incorporated).

SIEMSEN & CO., SOLE AGENTS for Hongkong, Canton, South China and Formosa. [64]

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PUBLIC COMPANIES

THE HONGKONG ELECTRIC CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-FIFTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's Offices, St. George's Buildings, on THURSDAY, the 14th May, 1914, at 11.30 a.m., for the purpose of presenting the Report of the Directors, together with a Statement of Accounts to 28th February, 1914, and electing Directors and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 30th April to the 14th May, 1914, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 23rd April, 1914. [611]

SIEN TING.

SURGEON DENTIST

No. 10, D'AGUIAR STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE.

Consultation Free.
Hongkong, 20th March, 1914. [442]

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

RECEIVED

NEW SHIPMENT OF

FRESH SIBERIAN SALMON

SMOKED

FILLETS, HADDOCKS, KIPPERS.

[24]

NEW CARTRIDGES.

BY popular English Manufacturers. In all Bore and Sizes.

SMOKELESS POWDER and CHILLED SHOT. From No. 10 to 888G. at \$6, \$7 and \$7.50 per 100. SPORTING REQUISITES and AIR GUNS in Variety.

Inspection Invited.

WM. SCHMIDT & Co.

Hongkong, 16th April, 1914. [559]

GRACA & CO.

PEPPER ST. (Hongkong Hotel Building).

Dealers in

POSTAGE STAMPS, PICTORIAL POST CARDS, SEEDS, BOOKS, TOYS, &c.

JUST RECEIVED:

POSTAGE STAMP CATALOGUES FOR 1914.

Hongkong, 20th March, 1914. [603]

SINGON & CO.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1880.

IRON, Steel, Metal and Hardware Merchants, Wholesale and Retail Ironmongers, Pig Iron and Foundry Coke Importers, General Storekeepers and Shipchandlers. Nos. 35 and 37, HING LOONG STREET (2nd St. West of Central Market). Telephone No. 515. [45]

BANKS

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

THE Business of the above Bank is conducted by the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Rules may be obtained on application.

INTEREST on deposits is allowed on the Minimum Monthly Balances at 3½ per cent. per annum.

Depositors may transfer at their option balances of \$100 or more to the Hongkong and Shanghai Bank to be placed on FIXED DEPOSIT at 4 per cent. per annum.

For the HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
N. J. STABB,
Chief Manager.

Hongkong, 1st July, 1911. [616]

THE BANK OF TAIWAN, LIMITED.

(INCORPORATED BY SPECIAL IMPERIAL CHARTER).

Capital Subscribed ... Yen 10,000,000

Capital Paid-up ... " 7,499,250

Reserve Funds ... " 3,430,000

HEAD OFFICE: TAIPEI, FORMOSA.

BRANCHES AND AGENTS:

Amoy, Kiangsu, Shanghai

Batavia, Kobe, Singapore

Bombay, London, Swatow

Calcutta, Manila, Taichu

Canton, Moji, Tainan

Dairen, Nagasaki, Takow

Poohow, Newchwang, Tamsui

Hongkong, New York, Tokyo

Kobe, Osaka, Yokohama

Kiung, San Francisco, Etc.

HONGKONG OFFICE,
8, Des Vaux Road.

Interest allowed on Current Accounts.

Deposits received on terms which may be had on application.

K. TSUDZURABARA, Manager.

Hongkong, 19th February, 1914. [1272]

BANKS

INTERNATIONAL BANKING CORPORATION.

Head Office: 60, Wall Street, New York.

London Office: 86, Bishopsgate, E.C.

BRANCHES:

Bombay, Kobe, Manila

Calcutta, London, Mexico

Canton, Hankow, Panama

Colon, San Francisco



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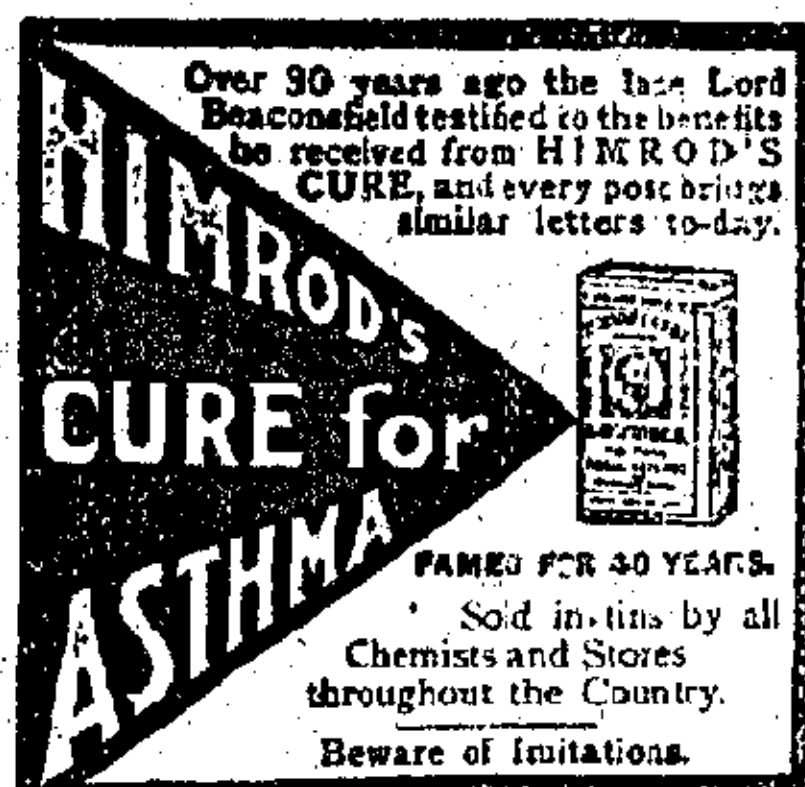
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CURES BRUISES, POISON, BURN, LACERATION, INFLAMMATION.
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INSIST ON HAVING THERAPION.

HONGKONG CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

(Continued from page 5.)

situated as we are, at any moment almost we may have serious outbreaks of bubonic plague, small-pox, cholera, and possibly in the future yellow fever. Therefore, the station should be kept in such a state all the year as to be available, at very short notice, should it be required. This, however, has not been done, and, as you are aware, for some time past the place has been rented to the Military for a barracks for a portion of our Garrison. The result has been that again recently we have had another case where a coolie vessel arrived with cholera on board, and the suspects and sick alike were housed in junks, under the same unsatisfactory conditions as before. Nothing can justify such a state of affairs in so large a shipping port situated in the tropics, and liable almost any time of the year to an outbreak of a serious epidemic. The small pecuniary gain to the Colony derived by renting the quarantine station is far outweighed by the disadvantage of thus depriving ourselves of our station, and the present state of affairs should therefore be terminated at the earliest possible moment. In order to strengthen my point, perhaps it would be as well to go somewhat into detail. A vessel arrived here on the 22nd March with 413 Chinese returned emigrants on board, among whom cholera had broken out. As there was no suitable place on shore where these people could be housed, they were placed in 15 junks, and detained under observation 10 days. During this period there were 13 deaths. The objections to such a system are obvious. Suspected and possibly infected persons were crowded together without means for proper care, or even inspection. During the greater part of the day and night they were entirely without medical supervision, whereas had they been on shore a resident doctor could have been in charge. The men had, of course, no place for exercise, while being exposed to sun, rain, or any inclement weather which might occur. Should a serious storm have arisen, great difficulty would have been experienced in supplying them with food and drinking water, while possibly loss of life might have been caused through wreckage of one or other of the junks. The junks being anchored close to Stonecutters' Island, a favourite bathing place for the Garrison, and a portion of the civil population, it is conceivable that infection might thus be conveyed through poisoned excretion coming in contact with bathers before it had been cleansed by mixture with sea water. The possibility of infection being carried by the junks used is also a serious matter, as it cannot be maintained that junks can be properly fumigated as can an iron or steel vessel. As this is the second time we have had to complain of such a state of affairs, I think it desirable to go somewhat freely into the matter and trust reference will not have to be again made in this Chamber to the need of a permanent quarantine station. I do not wish it understood that I reflect in any way on the Medical Staff in the Colony. I believe they did all possible under the circumstances. It is the system, or rather want of system, against which I am animadverting.

THE NEW SUBMARINE CABLE.

There are a few other matters to which I must refer, which do not appear in our report. One is the completion of a direct oceanic cable service from Aden via Colombo to Hongkong, thus doing away with the service across India. I am sure we all thoroughly appreciate this improvement in our telegraph services, for as most of us have only too good reason to know the India service was by no means perfect, and this Chamber has, on more than one occasion in recent times, had to complain to the Indian Government of mutilations of messages which were clearly proved to have taken place while the telegrams were in transit over their land lines. (Applause.)

THE "TAI ON" PIRACY.

Amplifying his remarks in relation to piracy, the Chairman said that they had now had yet another serious case of piracy, that of the *Tai On*. It was said that the loss of life was very considerable. Yet over and above all this the most important point was the serious danger which they realised was menacing the whole of the river traffic leaving the port. In the past, the question had been dealt with very effectively by their Government, and by Parliament, and also the Chinese Government, and they had no reason to suppose that liability would be disclaimed in this particular case. However, he thought, in view of the constant occurrence of very serious piratical attacks, it was necessary to go even further. They must not overlook the possibility of serious risk, and the serious responsibility which rested on their Government and also the Chinese Government. It was a very serious responsibility, and one which he knew was fully realised by his Excellency the Governor. But more serious responsibility, he felt, rested with the Chinese Government. He had referred to the question on previous occasions, and it had been under consideration for a great many years. He thought that some arrangement should be arrived at between the two Governments whereby persons should be more thoroughly searched before embarkation. The Hongkong Government, he knew, would be prepared to consider the point and give it all possible assistance. The matter was becoming a serious one to shipping between Hongkong, Canton and Macao, and he was perfectly sure, if additional expenditure was necessary, no resident in Hongkong would demur when shipping was guarded in this way. With regard to the Chinese, they knew very well that it was absolutely necessary to give them every possible consideration, and it seemed to him that

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something more might be done than had been done in the past. He thought he was right in saying that the question had been before them for many years, and it seemed that these piratical attacks were organised in different districts. These districts should, he submitted, be thoroughly searched, and when the persons responsible for the piracies had been hunted to their lair they should all be wiped out. To this end he expressed the opinion that an efficient detective service should be organised in Hongkong. That should meet with the cordial support of all the Chinese officials, and it really should not be a very difficult matter. The *Chidlar* case had been dealt with by the Hongkong Government and the Chinese Government very successfully, but what had been done in the *Chidlar* case ought, he thought, to be more generally done. It was a very serious question and needed no mealy-mouthed policy when dealing with the people concerned. If he had spoken strongly, he trusted those present would support him. (Applause.)

THE LATE MR. FRIEDLAND.

The Chairman also referred to the demise of Mr. G. Friedland, who had, he said, been a very valuable member of that body. Nothing he could say would be more eloquent than what they saw at Happy Valley when the last sad rites were performed.

Mr. W. L. PATTENDEN seconded the adoption of the report and accounts, and eulogised the Chairman and Secretary for the able manner in which they had carried out their duties.

The report and accounts were then unanimously passed.

COMMITTEE.

Mr. J. W. BOLLES proposed, Mr. F. GRAHAM seconded, and it was unanimously carried, that the following should form the Committee for the ensuing year:—Hon. Mr. E. A. Hewitt, C.M.G., Mr. J. W. C. Bonnar, Mr. S. H. Dodwell, Mr. G. T. M. Edkins, Mr. P. H. Holyoak, Hon. Mr. D. Landale, Mr. N. J. Stabb, Hon. Mr. E. Shelling, Mr. H. A. Siebs, and Mr. O. Widmann. The election of the new members mentioned in the report was also confirmed.

This was all the business.

GENERAL MEETING.

A general meeting of the members followed, at which the following alterations in the bye-laws of the Chamber were unanimously approved:—
In Substitution of VII.—If the dispute be of such a nature as to, in the opinion of the General Committee, require the service of the Arbitration Committee, each member thereof shall be entitled to a fee, in addition to a fee for the Chamber. The amount of such fees to be regulated by the Arbitration Committee, according to the importance of the case and the time occupied therein, subject to an appeal to the General Committee, whose decision on the amount shall be final.

In Substitution of X.—The Arbitration Committee should appoint its own Chairman, and confine its functions to cases where its intervention or advice is required, and on no occasion shall it proceed with any case unless all the parties subscribe a bond making the award a Rule of the Supreme Court. Printed forms of such bonds, legally prepared, shall be kept for the information of members and other members of the public who may have occasion to resort to the Chamber for arbitration. The parties to an arbitration or survey need not necessarily be members of the Chamber, but in cases where neither party is a member of the Chamber, the General Committee may decline to arbitrate or hold a survey.

THE REPORT.

The report stated that among the questions of interest dealt with during the past year were the following:—
Irregular Arrivals of Siberian Mails.—The irregular and over-lapping manner in which the Siberian Mails have been received since this service was instituted has been the cause of much inconvenience to the Commercial Community, and early in the year the Chamber was approached with a request to take the matter up with the Government, which was done. It is satisfactory to note that there has been a considerable improvement during the latter half of the year.

Formation of the Far Eastern Section of the London Chamber of Commerce.—Advice came to hand of the constitution of the Far Eastern Section of the London Chamber of Commerce, with Mr. Henry Keswick, M.P., Chairman. This section will doubtless be of great assistance in dealing with matters of common interest between East and West.

New Clause Adopted by the Cotton Goods Manufacturers in England.—Messrs. Garra, Borne & Co. inquired what was being done in the interest of importers with regard to this clause, and your Committee was able to inform them that it was understood the clause had been withdrawn.

Proposed New Quarantine Regulations at Singapore.—The Government courteously submitted for the consideration of the Chamber, Draft Quarantine Rules proposed to be instituted at Singapore. Your Committee in a lengthy criticism of the Draft made several suggestions for the improvement thereof and counselled caution in the exercise of the powers of the Quarantine Authorities, otherwise the trade of the Port might possibly be seriously affected.

New regulations providing certain changes in the method of entering goods through the Siamese Customs.—Information was received from the Government of a notice issued by the Director General promulgating new Customs Regulations with regard to the entering of goods through the Siamese Customs.

Deportation of Rice from Netherlands India.—The Acting Consul-General for Netherlands India advised the Chamber that the order of 22nd July, 1912, prohibiting the Exportation of Rice from Netherlands India had been withdrawn from the 21st February, 1913.

Royal Agricultural Show.—The Chamber gave assistance to the Municipality of Bristol in the way of distributing advertising matter in connection with the Royal Agricultural Society of England's exhibition held at Bristol during July.

Private Buys and Movings.—A letter was received from the General Managers, Philippines Steamship Co., covering correspondence with the Government with regard to the necessity for removal of buoys at present in the way of the ferries between Victoria and Kowloon. Your Committee were called upon to mediate and were successful in bringing about an amicable settlement of the question between the Companies concerned.

Colonial Exhibition at Samarang.—Publicity was given to the arrangements made by the executive of the Colonial Exhibition to be held at Samarang during 1914.

International Rubber Exhibition and Congress at Batavia.—The attention of the Chamber was drawn to the Programme for the International Rubber Exhibition and Congress at Batavia to be held during 1914.

International Congress on Construction of Towns and Organization of Municipal Life at Gand.—Through the courtesy of the Government a letter inviting the participation of the Colony in the Congress held at Gand in July last was submitted for the consideration of the Chamber. Your Committee considered that unless some responsible official while on home leave was able to attend, the expense of sending a special delegate was unwarranted.

King's Birthday Holiday.—The Chamber supported the request of the Exchange Banks that Monday, the 2nd June, be substituted for Tuesday, the 3rd June, for the observance of the King's Birthday. In deference to His Majesty's expressed wish that his birthday should be celebrated on the actual date of the anniversary, the matter was not pressed.

Restrictions Imposed on Hongkong as a Plague Infected Port by the Netherlands Indian Government.—The Consul-General for the Netherlands kindly forwarded for the information of the Chamber details of the articles temporarily prohibited from entry into Netherlands India by reason of this port being declared plague infected.

Metric System of Weights, Measures and Currency.—Enquiry from the Far Eastern Section of the London Chamber of Commerce with reference to a paragraph concerning China's attitude in regard to the Metric System, appearing in the Report of the Doctinal Association for 1912, was received, and passed on to Shanghai Chamber for reply. The proposals of the Doctinal Association have the continued sympathy and support of your Committee.

Compensation of Regulations to Correspondence between the Canton Chamber of Commerce and the Canton Cassia Guild.—A letter was submitted to the Chamber for their views and passed on to the Association of Exporters and Dealers for review and reply. But whilst the Association's Sub-Committee were considering the matter, news reached the Colony that an amicable settlement between the buyer and the seller had been arrived at, and copies of the Amendment to the regulations were subsequently received and are on file.

Compensation Amendment Ordinances, 1912.—The opinion of the Chamber was sought on a proposed addition to section 3 of section 113 of the Companies Ordinance, 1911, providing that an auditor shall not be a Shareholder of the Company of which he is audi-

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All Grades, from lightest to very dense, to suit all needs.

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120

for, and your Committee raised an objection to the suggestion, the Government, however, eventually, decided to delete the proposed addition.

Bristol International Exhibition.—The Government courteously referred a letter from the management of this Exhibition to your Committee, who suggested that the Chinese merchants might be approached on the matter by the Registrar General.

Unlicensed Launches Plying for Hire in the Harbour.—The Government, being of opinion that these launches occasionally interfere with the legitimate business of licensed vessels, asked the Chamber to state if it had any objection to their being required to procure licenses, and your Committee pointed out that to compel such launches to carry licenses would most likely interfere still more with trade, also that Clause 37 (1) of the Merchant Shipping Ordinance gave the Harbour Authorities their remedy.

Formation of the Bangkok International Chamber of Commerce.—Advice of the opening of the Bangkok International Chamber of Commerce was received, and your Committee, when wishing it every success, agreed to forward copies of all publications issued by this Chamber.

New Regulations Governing the Admission of Eastern Aliens into the Western Residency of Borneo.—The Consul-General for the Netherlands kindly drew the attention of the Chamber to the Ordinance regulating admittance of Eastern Aliens into the Western Residency of Borneo.

International Arbitration.—Copies of resolutions on International Arbitration adopted by the Fifth International Congress of Chambers of Commerce, and also by the Council of the London Chamber of Commerce, were received and considered by your Committee, who are in entire sympathy with the principle involved.

Tin Trade between the Straits and Chinese Ports.—Your Committee was in a position to supply the Penang Chamber of Commerce in response to their inquiry with a report as to the disposition of Straits Tin after its entry into this port.

Wireless Station for Hongkong.—This question was again raised by the Chamber who approached the Government thereon and your Committee has to report that no satisfactory reason for the deplorable delay in equipping Hongkong.

Claims for Short-Landed Cargo from United Kingdom, Continent, and United States of America.—Delay in settlement of claims for short-landed cargo received the attention of your Committee at the request of a member of the Chamber, and after careful consideration it was decided that the question could not be taken up unless evidence could be produced that a general feeling of dissatisfaction existed among merchants.

Universal Exhibition 1914 at Nottingham.—After reference to the Association of Exporters and Dealers of Hongkong it was considered that the Exhibition could not be of any practical value to Exporters of Chinese Produce. Every assistance was however offered to the Management to advertise the Exhibition.

Proposed Scale of Weights of Anchors and Lengths of Cables to be Carried by Native Craft and Lighters in the Waters of the Colony.—A minute by the Harbour Master urging the necessity for native craft and lighters being equipped with cables, and anchors, of an approved type, was submitted

by the Government for the Chamber's consideration, and received the approval of your Committee. Subsequently the Government reconsidered the question and decided that sufficient ground did not exist for compelling junks, cargo boats and similar vessels to carry such anchors and cables.

Lighting of the Pratas and Paracels Reefs.—A letter was received from the Government covering a despatch from the Secretary of State for the Colonies pointing out the difficulties in the way of placing lights on the Pratas and Paracels Reefs, also a minute by the Coast Inspector, Chinese Maritime Customs, showing that the establishment of lights would be more of a danger than a good guidance, and that in consequence it had been decided to let the matter drop.

Board of Register of British and Foreign Shipping.—The thanks of the Chamber is due to the Society for its 1912-1913 Report.

Permanent Sino-Belgian Exhibition at Lieken.—Through the kindness of the Consul for Belgium notice of the inauguration of this Exhibition was received and transmitted to the Association of Exporters and Dealers of Hongkong.

New Customs Tariff for Brazil.—The new draft Customs Tariff for Brazil was submitted by the Government for your Committee's perusal.

Bank Holiday, 27th December.—Christmas and Boxing Day falling on Thursday and Friday, and both being gazetted as public holidays, the Exchange Banks were of opinion that Saturday the 27th should also be declared a holiday, and at their request the Chamber successfully approached the Government.

Fortnightly Price Current and Market Report.—During the year the fortnightly circular was completely revised and among the improvements and additions will be noted Chinese Produce Export Current Prices for the supply of which your Committee are much indebted to members of the Committee of the Association of Exporters and Dealers of Hongkong. Thanks is also due to the Shipping Companies, running lines of steamers between Hongkong and Pacific Coast, for so kindly supplying returns of cargo shipped to Canada and the U.S.A. via Pacific, by means of which statistics have been compiled for the year, and thus the statistics of cargo exported to Great Britain, the Continent of Europe, and the U.S.A. and Canada (Via Suez) and (Via Pacific) are complete. Freight rates to these parts of the world also form a valuable addition, while the Current Import Prices and Trade Report has been much improved.

Membership.—During the year under review the name of Mr. Fung We Chuen was removed from the list of individual members while Mr. J. R. Michael became registered in the list of firms as Messrs. J. R. Michael and Co. Messrs. Barretto and Co. upon going into liquidation ceased to be members and the name of Messrs. Garner, Quetch and Co. became Messrs. Donnelly and White. The following Members were elected and their election requires the usual confirmation at the Annual Meeting, Hugo C. A. Fromm; Messrs. Robertson, Wilson & Co.; Messrs. Haskell & Co. The Members now consists of 128 firms and 18 individual Members.

Committee.—During the year the Hon. Mr. C. H. Ross and Mr. F. H. Armstrong resigned on leaving the Colony and their places were taken by the Hon. Mr. D. Landale and Mr. P. H. Holyoak.

WEATHER REPORT

On the 28th at 11.25 a.m.—The depression has moved rapidly eastward, to the south-east of Japan.
An anti-cyclone has formed over N. China.
A shallow depression lies over Indo-China.
Pressure is inclined to give way over the Philippines.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.57 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-day is as follows:—

DISTRICT.	FORECAST.
Hongkong & Neighbourhood	{ East winds, moderate, cloudy.
Formosa Channel	{ N.E. winds, freshening.
South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamooka.	{ The same as No. 1.
South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan.	{ The same as No. 1.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL
REGISTER.

28TH APRIL, 1914, A.M.									
Station.	Hour.	Barometer.		Temperature.	Humidity.	Wind.		Force.	Weather.
		at Sea.	Level.			Direction.	Force.		
Vladivostok ...	7	30.04	40						
Namur	6	29.93				SE	1		0
Hakodate	29	29.91				NW	2		2
Tokio	29	29.75				NNE	2		2
Kooli	29	29.74							0
Nagasaki	29	29.84				N	1		3
Kagoshima	29	29.76				NW	1		2
Oshima	29	29.81				N	1		3
Naha	29	29.85				NW	2		3
Ishijima	29	29.88				N	1		3
Bonin Is.	29	29.87				SSW	1		1
Choko									
Wakaiwa									
Hankow	30	30.13	52	66		N	4		4
Iohang	30								
Kiukiang	30								
Changsha	30								
Shanghai	30	30.05	46						
Guzelf	29	29.87	53			NW	1		3
Sharp Peak ...	7	29.99	70			NW	1		4
Amoy	5	29.89	73	81		ENE	1		1
Singapore	5								
Taihook	5	29.91				W	4		0
Taichu	29	29.89							4
Tainan	29	29.90				SE	2		2
Koshun	29	29.89				N	2		4
Pescadore	29	29.91							2
Canton	5	29.91	70	95		SSE	4		2
Hongkong	29	29.89	74	83		SE	3		3
Gap Rock	29	29.87				SE	3		3
Macao	29	29.87	73			N	1		1
Hoihow	29								
Pakhoi	29								
Phuhen	5	29.80	77			SE	4		5
Tourane	29	29.81	81			SW	5		2
Cape St. James ..	29	29.89	79			NW	5		2
Apari	29	29.91	79			SW	2		2
Manila	29	29.92	75			N	1		1
Logaspi	29	29.82	81			N	1		1
Hailo	9	29.85	81			N	1		1
Bacolo	29	29.86	81			N	1		1
Cebu	29	29.91	84			NW	2		2
Lubuan	29					N	1		2

T. F. CHAXTON, *Director*

1 BAROMETER, reduced to 32 degrees Fahrenheit on the level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths.

2 TEMPERATURE, in the shade, in degrees Fahrenheit.

3 HUMIDITY, in percentage of saturation, the humidity of air saturated with moisture being 100.

4 DIRECTION of WIND, to two points.

5 FORCE of WIND, according to Beaufort Scale.

6 STATE of WEATHER, in blue sky, or detached cloud, or drizzling rain, fog, or gloomy, or hail lightning, or overcast, or passing showers, or squalls, or snow, or thunder, or visibility, or dew (with rain).

7 RAIN = inches, tenths and hundredths

HONGKONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.			
Hongkong Observatory, April 28th			
	Previous Day at 2 p.m.	On Date at 6 a.m.	On Date at 2 p.m.
Barometer	29.66	29.89	29.91
Temperature	65	74	78
Humidity	72	83	78
Wind Direction ...	SW	ESE	ESE
Force	4	2	3
Weather	c	a	a

Rain	0.57
Highest open air Temperature on 27th..... 8	
Lowest open air Temperature on 27th .. 7	
HONGKONG TIDE TABLE.	
From 29th to April 5th May, 1914.	
HIGH WATER	
Days of week	Days of month
H'kong. Mean.	Light
H'kong. Mean.	Light

Day	Time	h	m	s	h	m	s
Wed.	29	h.	m.	ft.	h.	m.	ft.
		0	1	4	1	4	4
		10	23	7	1	6	26
Thurs.	30	1	10	3	7	4	0
	May	10	59	7	1	7	27
Fri.	1	No	in	high-	nor	low	1
		1	46	1	1	1	46
Satur.	2	No	in	high-	nor	low	1
		0	54	6	5	10	0
Sun.	3	No	in	high-	nor	low	1
		2	21	6	3	10	58
Mon.	4	3	64	4	2	7	32
		3	20	6	2	11	45

Tues. 5 11 15 3
5 21 6 1

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bad printing and material is generally nil.

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the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are under 15 years of age is expected to increase from 1.1 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of people aged 65 and over is expected to increase from 200 million to 400 million. The number of people aged 15 and over is expected to increase from 3.5 billion to 4.5 billion. The number of people aged 15 and over is expected to increase from 3.5 billion to 4.5 billion. The number of people aged 15 and over is expected to increase from 3.5 billion to 4.5 billion.

HONGKONG, CANTON, MACAO & WEST RIVER STEAMERS.

JOINT SERVICE OF THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD., AND CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

REDUCTION IN SALOON FARES.

HONGKONG-CANTON LINE.

Commencing from April 1st the Saloon passage rates by the Companies' steamers will be reduced to—
Single Fare by Night Steamer ... \$6.00
Return " " (available also for return by day steamer) ... 10.00
Single Fare by Day Steamer ... 4.00
Return " " ... 8.00
The attention of the travelling Public is drawn to the comfort afforded by the Companies' vessels. Passengers arriving by Night steamers from Canton (due at Hongkong about 11 p.m.) are permitted to sleep on board till next morning without extra charge. Electric fans and electric light are available all night.

HONGKONG TO CANTON. CANTON TO HONGKONG.

WEDNESDAY, 29TH APRIL, 1914.
9 a.m. HONGKONG. 8 a.m. HONAM.
10 p.m. KINSHAN. 5 p.m. KATSHAN.

THURSDAY, 30TH APRIL, 1914.
8 a.m. HONAM. 8 a.m. HONGKONG.
10 p.m. KINSHAN. 5 p.m. KATSHAN.

HONGKONG-MACAO LINE.

S.S. SUI TAI, Tons 1,651. S.S. TAI SHAN, Tons 1,006.

HONGKONG TO MACAO

Week days at 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. Sundays at 9 a.m. and 12.30 p.m. from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf.

MACAO TO HONGKONG.

Week days at 7.30 a.m. and 2 p.m. Sundays at 7.30 a.m. and 5 p.m.

EXCURSION TO MACAO.

SUNDAY, 3RD MAY, 1914.

The Company's New Steamship "TAISHAN"

Will depart from the WING LOK STREET WHARF at 9 a.m. and return from Macao at 5 p.m. N.B.—The Company will also run a Steamer from Macao on Sunday morning at 7.30 a.m., and from Hongkong at 12.30 p.m., from the Company's Wing Lok Street Wharf. This Steamer connects with the Excursion Steamer returning from Macao at 5 p.m.

FARES AS USUAL.

CANTON-MACAO LINE.

S.S. SUI TAI, 1,651 tons.

Departures from Macao to Canton on Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at 9 p.m. Departures from Canton to Macao on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 4.30 p.m.

CANTON-WUCHOW LINE.

S.S. SAINAM, 588 tons, and S.S. NANNING, 568 tons.

One of the above Steamers leaves Canton for Wuchow every Sunday, Tuesday and Friday, at about 6 p.m., and the other leaves Wuchow for Canton every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, at about 8.30 a.m. Round trips take about 5 days. Passengers can return to Hongkong or vice versa by the Company's direct Steamers LINTAN and SANUI. These vessels have superior Cabin accommodation and are lighted throughout by electricity. Electric Fan in each Cabin.

Booking Office open daily (Sunday excepted) 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.

Further particulars may be obtained at the Office of the—

HONGKONG, CANTON & MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

Hotel Mansions (First Floor), opposite the Blake Pier.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.

FRENCH MAIL LINES.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM JAPAN VIA SHANGHAI.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE TO AND FROM EUROPE VIA SUEZ CANAL.

OUTWARD.

FOR	STEAMER	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI, KOBE AND	MAGELLAN	On 3rd May.
YOKOHAMA	POLYNESIAN	On 17th May.
	V. CIOTAT	On 31st May.

HOMEWARD

FROM	STEAMER	TO SAIL
MARSEILLES VIA PORTS	PAUL LECAT	On 5th May, at 1 p.m.
	COBDELLIERE	On 19th May, at 1 p.m.
	MAGELLAN	On 2nd June, at 1 p.m.

ALL STEAMERS FITTED WITH WIRELESS.

TRANSHIPMENT on the Co's Steamers at COLOMBO for CALCUTTA, BOMBAY and AUSTRALIA; at PORT SAID for the LEVANT, CONSTANTINOPLE and BLACK SEA.

Through Tickets to LONDON via PARIS by rail.

Circular Tickets to Europe via Suez and SIBERIAN ROUTE and vice-versa delivered here.

P. THOMAS, AGENT.
QUEEN'S BUILDING.

INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

Cargo carried on through Bills of Lading from HONGKONG to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN (Natal), PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN with transshipment at COLOMBO to Steamers of the INDIAN AFRICAN LINE.

PROPOSED SAILINGS:

FROM HONGKONG:	Connecting with "GUJARAT"	FROM COLOMBO:
29th April.	17th May.	

EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION FOR 1ST AND 2ND CLASS PASSENGERS

ORIENTAL AFRICAN LINE.

Regular Direct Service from JAPAN, CHINA and STRAITS to BEIRA, DELAGOA BAY, DURBAN, EAST LONDON, PORT ELIZABETH and CAPE TOWN, calling at MAURITIUS en route, and affording the Quickest Freight Transport from the ORIENT to SOUTH AFRICA.

PROPOSED SAILING:

From Hongkong: "SALAMIS" 25th July.

FIRST CLASS ACCOMMODATION FOR PASSENGERS.

FITTED WITH WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

For Rates of Freight and Passage, apply to

THE BANK LINE, LIMITED,

MANAGING AGENTS.

PHILIPPINES S.S. CO.

STEAMSHIP	TONS	CAPTAIN	FOR	SAILING DATE
ZAFIRO	4000	E. S. McMurray	Manila, Mangarin, Cebu and Davao	On 2nd May, 4 p.m.
RUBI	4000	J. Miller	Manila, Mangarin, Cebu and Davao	On 12th May, 4 p.m.

Passengers Holding Round Trip Tickets may Return by any Steamer of the PACIFIC MAIL S.S. CO., TOKYO KISEN KAISHA, NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, LLOYD and EASTERN and AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

Electric Light, Fans in every Cabin. Competent Stewards Carried.

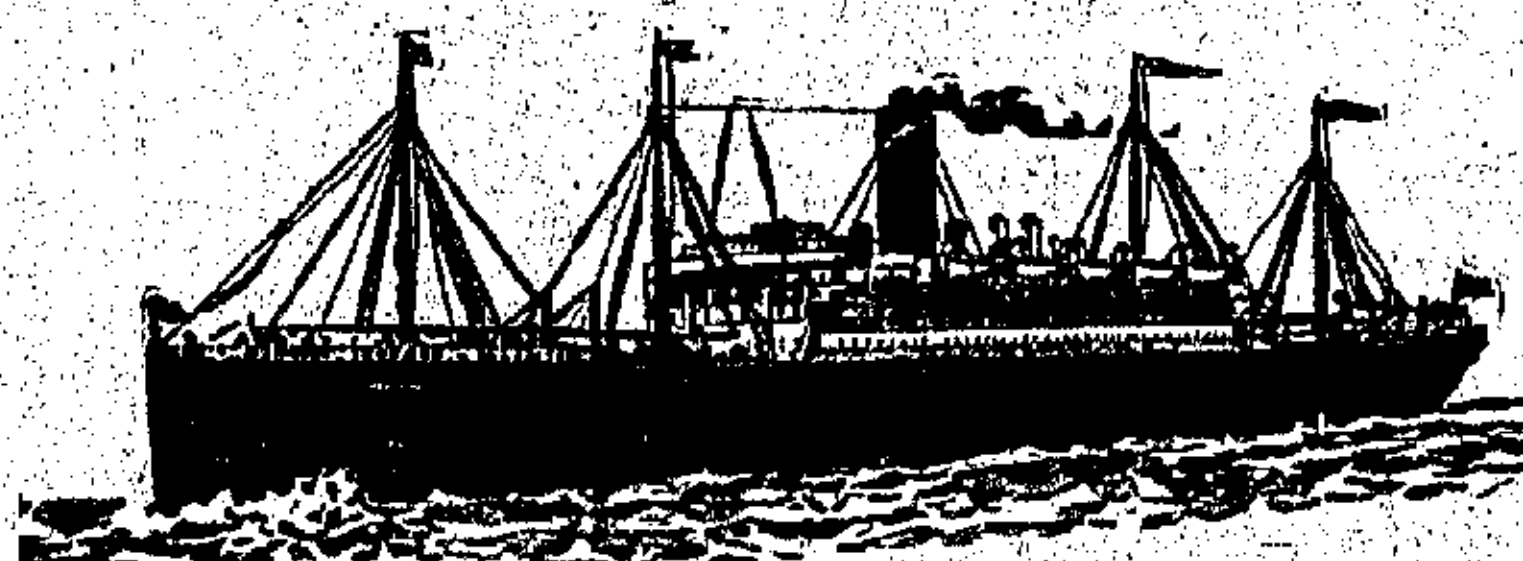
For Freight or Passage, apply to SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 24th April, 1914.

PACIFIC MAIL NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

THE AMERICAN LINE TO SAN FRANCISCO.



From HONGKONG Calling at SHANGHAI, or MANILA, NAGASAKI, KOBE (via Inland Sea), YOKOHAMA and HONOLULU (the Paradise of the Pacific). Through Service via NEW YORK to EUROPE.

SOME FEATURES OF SERVICE.

ELECTRIC FANS, SWIMMING TANK, ORCHESTRA, AMUSEMENTS, WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY, SUBMARINE SIGNAL SERVICE, AND BILGE KEELS. CUISINE UNDER THE PERSONAL SUPERVISION OF MR. V. MOBONI, ONE OF THE WORLD'S MOST FAMOUS CATERERS.

Return Portion of Round Trip Tickets, available for Passage via C.P.R. from Vancouver if desired. Cabin Passengers have the privilege of travelling by Rail between Ports of Japan.

STEAMERS	Tons	Sailing
KOREA	18,000	SATURDAY, 8th May, at 1 p.m.
SIBERIA	18,000	TUESDAY, 19th May, at 1 p.m.
CHINA	10,200	WEDNESDAY, 27th May, at Noon.
MANCHURIA	27,000	SATURDAY, 6th June, at 1 p.m.
NILE	11,000	TUESDAY, 16th June, at 10 a.m.
MONGOLIA	27,000	FRIDAY, 25th June, at 1 p.m.
PERSLA	9,000	SATURDAY, 11th July, at Noon.

S.S. "CHINA," S.S. "NILE" and S.S. "PERSLA" will proceed to Manila and thence direct to Nagasaki.

HONGKONG-MANILA SERVICE.

FROM HONGKONG.	Arrive Manila.	Leave Manila.	Due Hongkong.
Leave Hongkong.	Arrive Manila.	Leave Manila.	Due Hongkong.
24th May ... CHINA	29th May	30th Apr. ... KOREA	2nd May
16th June ... NILE	18th June	5th May ... SIBERIA	7th May
11th July ... PERSLA	13th July	16th May ... CHINA	18th May
11th Aug. ... CHINA	13th Aug.	26th May ... MANCHURIA	28th May

FOR FREIGHT OR PASSAGE, APPLY TO—

R. C. MORTON, AGENT.

KING'S BUILDING (opposite Blake Pier). TELEPHONE No. 141.

Panama-Pacific International Exposition—San Francisco—1915.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR SERVICES.
PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

TRANS-PACIFIC LINE.

IN CONNECTION AT TACOMA AND SEATTLE WITH

THE CHICAGO MILWAUKEE AND ST. PAUL RAILWAY CO.

FOR VICTORIA, B.C. AND TACOMA VIA JAPAN PORTS.

Steamer	Captain	WED'DAY	Leaving
"CANADA MARU"	H. Yamamoto	29th April, at Noon.	
"TACOMA MARU"	T. Hamada	14th May, at Noon.	
"PANAMA MARU"	J. Kase	27th May, at Noon.	
"SEATTLE MARU"	T. Saito	11th June, at Noon.	
"MEXICO MARU"	N. Kobayashi	24th June, at Noon.	
"CHICAGO MARU"	I. Goto		

Calling at SHANGHAI, NAGASAKI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.

Calling at MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA.

These Newly-Built Steamers have fair speed and are fitted with the Wireless Apparatus.

A limited number of Cabin Passengers carried at Low Rates. Best adapted rooms for carrying Silk, Treasure and Parcels. Special attention given toward Express connection.

JAPAN-BOMBAY LINE.

FOR BOMBAY VIA SINGAPORE, PORT SWETTENHAM, PENANG AND COLOMBO.

Steamer	Captain	FRIDAY	Leaving
"INDO MARU"	K. Kuniya	8th May, A.M.	
"SAIGON MARU"	T. Yamaguchi		
"ANNAN MARU"	T. Takemura		

CHINA AND FORMOSA LINE.

FOR FOCHOW VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

Steamer	Captain	WED'DAY	Leaving
"KAIJO MARU"	Y. Yamamoto	6th May, at 2 p.m.	

FOR TAMSUI VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

Steamer	Captain	SUNDAY	Leaving
"DAIGI MARU"	S. Tokushige	3rd May, at Noon.	
"DAIJIN MARU"	K. Murakami	10th May, at Noon.	

FOR ANPING AND TAKAO VIA SWATOW AND AMOY.

Steamer	Captain	THURSDAY	Leaving
"SOSHU MARU"	K. Hattori	30th April, at 10 a.m.	

FOR CANTON.

Steamer	Captain	Leaving
"SOSHU MARU"	K. Hattori	

These Steamers of Coast and Formosa Line have Excellent accommodation for First and Second Class Passengers and are fitted with Electric Light and Fans.

These Steamers will arrive at and depart from No. 1 Yip Wharf (near the Harbour Office, Yung Central).

For FURTHER INFORMATION, apply to

Z. KAMIYA,

MANAGER.

Second Floor No. 1 Queen's Building.

BRITISH INDIA S. N. CO., LTD.

APCAR LINE.

REGULAR SERVICE BETWEEN

CALCUTTA, STRAITS, SHANGHAI AND JAPAN PORTS

EASTWARD

S.S. "GREGORY APCAR" 4,600 tons, Capt. J. E. Drake, will be despatched for SHANGHAI, KOBE and MOJI on 8th May.

S.S. "DUNERA" 5,389 tons, Capt. E. G. M. Dickinson, will be despatched for KOBE and MOJI on 15th May.

WESTWARD

S.S. "TORILLA" 5,205 tons, Captain C. J. Swanson, R.M.E., will be despatched for SINGAPORE, PENANG and CALCUTTA on 12th May.

S.S. "DILWARA" 5,376 tons, Captain G. N. Ramsay, R.N.E., will be despatched as above on 14th May.

The above Steamers have excellent Saloon accommodation for Passengers and are fitted with all modern conveniences and carry a duly qualified surgeon.

For Freight or passage, apply to

DAVID SARSOON & CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 27th April, 1914

THE JAPAN MAIL STEAMSHIP CO

PROJECTED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—

SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

DESTINATIONS	STEAMERS AND DISPLACEMENT	TONS	SAILING DATES
MARSEILLES, LONDON and ANTWERP, via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, SUEZ and PORT SAID	MISHIMA MARU Capt. F. L. Sommer	20,000	WED'DAY, 6th May, at 10 a.m.
VICTORIA, B.C. and SEATTLE via SHANGHAI, MOJI, KOBE, YOKKAICHI and YOKOHAMA	STAMBA MARU Capt. —	12,500	TUESDAY, 5th May, at 4 p.m.
SYDNEY and MELBOURNE via MANILA, THURSDAY ISLAND, TOWNSVILLE and BRISBANE	MIKKO MARU Capt. W. Takada	8,600	WED'DAY, 6th May, at Noon.
	KUMANO MARU Capt. K. Soyeda	9,300	WED'DAY, 3rd May, at Noon.
CALCUTTA via SINGAPORE, PENANG and RANGOON	KIRIN MARU Capt. Nakamura	5,000	SATURDAY, 2nd May
BOMBAY via SINGAPORE, and COLOMBO			
KOBE and YOKKAICHI			
KOBE and YOKOHAMA	HAKATA MARU Capt. Nomura	12,500	MONDAY, 11th May
NAGASAKI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	KUMANO MARU Capt. K. Soyeda	9,300	TUESDAY, 5th May, at 5 p.m.
KOBE and YOKOHAMA	HITACHI MARU Capt. Sato	12,500	THURSDAY, 7th May, at 11 a.m.

5 Fitted with New System of Wireless Telegraphy.

PASSENGER SEASON—1914.

STEAMER	TONS	SAILS	WEDNESDAY	6th May
MISHIMA MARU	16,000			
STEAMER	TONS	SAILS	TUESDAY	5th May
TAMBA MARU	12,500			

With option of Rail between Steamer's Calling Ports in Japan.

For Further Information as to Freight, Sailing, &c., apply to—

T. KUSUMOTO, MANAGER.
TELEPHONE Nos. 232 and 1241
[8-9-11]

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

MARSEILLES AND LONDON

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &c.

THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

Connecting Steamer	Steamers to	Leave	Leave	Connecting Steamer	Due at	Due at
"ORIENTAL" leaves YOKOHAMA	to	SHANGHAI	HONGKONG	from COLOMBO to MARSEILLES and LONDON	MARSEILLES	LONDON (1 day later)
p.m. Thurs. Apr. 30	ASSAYE	6 p.m. Tues. May 5	Noon. Satur. May 9	MOOLTAN	Friday June 5	Thursday June 11
May 14	INDIA	May 19	May 23	MOBEA	Saturday June 20	Friday June 26
May 28	DEVANHA	June 2	June 6	MALOA	July 4	July 10
June 11	DELTA	June 16	June 20	MARMORA	July 18	July 24
June 25	HIMALAYA	June 30	July 4	MOLDAVIA	Aug. 1	Aug. 7
July 9	ASSAYE	July 14	July 18	MEDINA	Aug. 15	Aug. 21
July 23	DEVANHA	July 28	Aug. 1	MONGOLIA	Aug. 29	Sept. 4
Aug. 6	CHINA	Aug. 11	Aug. 15	EGYPT	Sept. 12	Sept. 18

THE ATTENTION OF Passengers is drawn to the ACCELERATED ARRIVAL of the Mail Steamers at Marseilles, Plymouth and London. These vessels will now arrive in Marseilles on Friday, and London on the following Friday. Arrangements are also being made whereby passengers by the P. & O. Special Train from Marseilles can now arrive in London at 3.25 p.m. on Saturdays.

Passengers change Steamers at COLOMBO, and those for BRINDISI transfer also to the Express Mail Steamer at PORT SAID.

Accommodation in the connecting Steamer from COLOMBO is definitely reserved in Hongkong at the time of Booking.

FARES:

The Fares to London and Marseilles are as follows:—

	1st Saloon	2nd Saloon	3rd Saloon	4th Saloon	5th Saloon	6th Saloon	7th Saloon	8th Saloon	9th Saloon	10th Saloon	11th Saloon	12th Saloon	13th Saloon	14th Saloon	15th Saloon	16th Saloon	17th Saloon	18th Saloon	19th Saloon	20th Saloon
LONDON	£65.	£45.	£35.	£25.	£15.	£10.	£8.	£6.												

PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL	REMARKS
LONDON and ANTWERP via SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, PORT SAID, and MARSEILLES.	NUBIA Capt. F. J. Fox	5 P.M. 1st May.	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI, MOUJ, KOBE, and YOKOHAMA	NOVARA Capt. H. R. Hetherington, R.N.R.	About 2nd May.	Freight and Passage.
SHANGHAI	INDIA Capt. C. C. Talbot, R.N.R.	About 7th May.	Freight and Passage.
LONDON via USUAL PORTS or OCEAN	ASSAYE Capt. G. J. Colwell	Noon, 9th May.	See Special Advertisements.

All the above Steamers are fitted with Wireless Telegraphy.

For Further Particulars apply to

E. A. HEWETT,
Superintendent.

Hongkong, 29th April, 1914.

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
HONGKONG, PAKHOI and HAIPHONG	"KAIPOH"	On 29th Apr., 10 A.M.
WUHAICHOW, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN	"HUICHOW"	On 30th Apr., Noon.
SHANGHAI	"ANHUI"	On 30th Apr., 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI and TSINGTAU	"KANCHOW"	On 2nd May, 11 P.M.
MANILA, CEBU and LOILO	"CHINHUA"	On 5th May, 4 P.M.
SHANGHAI	"LIANGCHOW"	On 5th May, 4 P.M.
PAKHOI and HAIPHONG	"SUNGKIANG"	On 6th May, 10 A.M.
SHANGHAI	"LUCHOW"	On 7th May, 4 P.M.

DIRECT SAILINGS TO WEST RIVER, Twice Weekly.

S.S. "LINTAN" and S.S. "SANUL" ..
MANILA LINE—TWIN-SCREW STEAMERS "CHINHUA," "TAMING" ..
and "TEAN." Excellent Saloon accommodation Airlships; Electric Fans fitted; Extra
State-rooms on Deck, aft, on "TAMING" and "TEAN."

SHANGHAI AND TSINGTAU LINE—THE TWIN
SCREW STEAMERS "ANHUI," "CHINHUA," "LIANGCHOW" and the
S.S. "KANCHOW," "LIANGCHOW," "LUCHOW" and "YINGCHOW" having
excellent accommodation, with Electric Light throughout and Electric Fans in the State-
rooms and Dining Saloon, maintain a fast schedule service between Canton, Hongkong,
and Shanghai, leaving Hongkong for Shanghai direct every Tuesday, Thursday and Sunday,
taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze and Northern China Ports.

The Steamers leaving Hongkong on Sundays proceed from Shanghai to TSINGTAU,
leaving there on Tuesdays for Shanghai, Hongkong and Canton.
N.B.—Passengers must embark before Midnight on SATURDAY for the SUNDAY
Morning sailings. A Co.'s launch leaves Murray Pier at 10 o'clock every SATURDAY
Night.

These Steamers Land Passengers in Shanghai, avoiding the inconvenience of
the transshipment at Woosung.

REDUCED FARES:—SINGLE \$45.....RETURN \$75.

For Freight or Passage apply to—
HONGKONG, 29th April, 1914. TELEPHONE 36. AGENTS. [5]

THE EASTERN & AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

MAIL SERVICE TO AUSTRALIA
via MANILA.

MAIL SCHEDULE
(SUBJECT TO MODIFICATION).

STEAMER	ARRIVES HONGKONG FROM AUSTRALIA	LEAVES HONGKONG FOR AUSTRALIA
ALDENHAM	...	On 1st May, 10 A.M.
EMPIRE	...	On 29th May, 10 A.M.
ST. ALBANS	...	On 10th June, 10 A.M.
EASTERN	...	On 10th July, 10 A.M.

The above Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful
supply of Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and are lighted throughout with Electricity.
A State-Rooms have Electric Fans. A fully qualified Doctor and Stewards are carried.
For further particulars apply to

GIBB, LIVINGSTON & Co.,
AGENTS

HAMBURG - AMERIKA LINIE.

IN CONJUNCTION WITH
DEUTSCHE DAMPSCHIFFFAHRTS GESELLSCHAFT "HANSA."

Regular Sailings from JAPAN, CHINA and PHILIPPINES,
via STRAITS and COLOMBO,
to MARSEILLES, HAVRE, EMDEN, BREMEN, HAMBURG and NEW YORK
and from MANILA, HONGKONG and JAPAN to
VANCOUVER (B.C.) and PORTLAND (Or.)

TAKING Cargo at Through Rates to all European, North Continental and British
Ports, also Trieste, Liebon, Opote, Marseilles, Genoa, and other Mediterranean,
Cevantine, Black Baltic Sea and Ports, and all North and South American Ports.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

OUTWARD.	HOMEWARD.
FOR SHANGHAI, KOBE and YOKOHAMA: S.S. FURST BULOW 1st May. S.S. SEGOVIA 21st May. S.S. FRISIA 29th May. S.S. SILESIA 18th June. S.S. SPEZIA 29th June. S.S. SIENEGAMBIA 17th July. S.S. SCANDIA 27th July.	FOR MARSEILLES, HAVRE, HAMBURG & ANTWERP: S.S. BELGRAVIA 1st May. FOR HAVRE, ROTTERDAM, BREMEN & HAMBURG: S.S. BAYERN 6th May. FOR HAVRE, HAMBURG & ANTWERP: S.S. ARABIA 14th May. FOR VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, SEATTLE & PORTLAND (Or.): S.S. SAMBLA 15th May. FOR HAVRE, EMDEN & HAMBURG: S.S. UCKERMARK 15th May. FOR MARSEILLES, ROTTERDAM, HAM- BURG & ANTWERP: S.S. BRISGAVIA 24th May.

For Further Particulars, apply to—

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE,
Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, 29th April, 1914.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

HONGKONG-SOUTH CHINA COAST PORTS.

HIGHEST Class, Fastest and Most Luxurious Steamers on the Coast, having Splendid
Accommodation for First Class Passengers. Electric Light. Excellent Cuisine.

FOR

**SWATOW, AMOY AND FOOCHOW
AND RETURN.**

(Occupying 9 to 10 Days).

STEAMER	CAPTAIN	EMAVING
"HAIYANG"	Capt. A. E. Hodgins	FRIDAY, 1st May, at 11 A.M.
"HAICHING"	Capt. W. C. Passmore	TUESDAY, 5th May, at 11 A.M.

For **SWATOW AND RETURN.**

(Occupying 3 Days).

STEAMER	CAPTAIN	EMAVING
"HAIMUN"	Capt. J. Evans	WEDNESDAY, 29th April, at 11 A.M.
		SUNDAY, 3rd May, at 10 A.M.

Steamers will arrive at and Depart from the Company's Wharf (near Black Pier).

For Freight and Passage, apply to—

DOUGLAS LAPRAIK & Co.,
General Managers.

Hongkong, 28th April, 1914.

TOYO KISEN KAISHA. NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.



SAN FRANCISCO LINE.

VIA SHANGHAI, MANILA, THE INLAND SEA.
JAPAN AND HONOLULU.

Sailings from Hongkong—Subject to Change Without Notice—

Steamer	Displacement Tons and Speed.	Leave Hongkong.
SHINYO MARU	22,000—21 knots...from KOBE	11th May.
CHIYO MARU	22,000—21 knots...TU	19th May.
TENYO MARU	22,000—21 knots...TUES.	16th June.
NIPPON MARU	11,000—18 knots...TUESDAY,	23rd June.
HONGKONG MARU	11,000—18 knots...FRIDAY,	10th July.

† Passengers by this Steamer may travel via s.s. "HONGKONG MARU."

* via MANILA. Omitting Shanghai.
All Steamers will be despatched at Noon.

FIRST CLASS TO LONDON	£71.10...RETURN (6 MONTHS) £120.
FIRST CLASS TO NEW YORK	£60. £96.10.
" " " SAN FRANCISCO	£45. £68.

Passengers purchasing Trans-Pacific Return Tickets have the option of returning from
San Francisco by Steamers of the PACIFIC MAIL S.S. Co. or from Vancouver by Steamers
of the CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY Co.

SPECIAL RATES given to NAVAL and MILITARY, CIVIL SERVANTS
MISSIONARIES, etc.

ROUND THE WORLD Tickets issued in connection with all the Principal Mail Lines
and the Trans-Siberian Railway.

Passengers may Travel by RAILWAY between Ports of Call in Japan free of charge.

SOUTH AMERICA LINE.

VIA JAPAN PORTS, HONOLULU, HILO, MANZANILLO,
SALINA CRUZ, CALLAO, IQUIQUE AND VALPARAISO.

THENCE BY

TRANS-ANDLEAN ROUTE TO BUENOS AIRES.

Steamer	Displacement Tons and Speed	Sails
ANYO MARU	18,500—15 knots	from NAGASAKI 2nd July.

For Full Particulars as to Passage and Freight, apply to—

S. MORIMOTO, AGENT,
King's Building.

TELEPHONE 291.

[212]

THE TAIKOO DOCKYARD

AND ENGINEERING CO. OF HONGKONG, LTD.

TAIKOO DOCKYARD, HONGKONG.

SHIPBUILDERS, SALVORS AND REPAIRERS, BOILERMAKERS,
BRASS AND IRON FOUNDERS, CONSTRUCTIONAL,
ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERS.
WELDING AND CUTTING OF METALS BY OXY-ACETYLENE
AND ELECTRIC SYSTEMS.

Estimates given for quick construction and repair of Ships, Engines,
Boilers, Railway Rolling Stock, Bridges, and all Classes
of Engineering, Iron and Wood Work.

GRAVING DOCK—78' by 88' by 34' 6"

Pumps Empty Dock in 2-3/4 hours.

THREE PATENT SLIPWAYS taking vessels up to 3,000 tons displacement, providing
conditions for painting ships with most efficient results.

100-Ton ELECTRIC CRANE ON QUAY—ELECTRIC OVERHEAD CRANES
throughout the Ships ranging up to 100 Tons.

50-Ton Hydraulic TESTING MACHINE for Chains, Wire Ropes, Rivets, etc.

AGENTS FOR—

JOHN I. THORNYCROFT & CO., LTD.

PETROL and KEROSENE MARINE MOTORS 7-1/2 to 150 H.P.

As supplied to the British Admiralty and War Office.

MOTOR VESSELS, LIGHT DRAFT CARRIERS, GUNBOATS, LAUNCHES,
HOUSEBOATS and PLEASURE CRAFT OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,
MOTOR PUMPING and LIGHTING SETS, MOTOR VEHICLES, Etc.

Dockyard Manager, Mr. J. REID, can be seen between the hours of 11 A.M. and 12 Noon
at the Town Office.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE.

HONGKONG, CHINA, AND JAPAN. AGENTS.

TELEPHONE No. 212.

Telegraphic Address:—"TAIKOO DOCK."

[5]

AUSTRIAN LLOYD.



(Under Mail Contract with the Austrian Government.)

MONTHLY FAST SERVICE TO TRIESTE (VENICE).

VIA SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, ADEN, SUVA and PORT SAID.

S.S. "BOHEMIA," 7,900 tons, will leave as above on 15th May, at 4 P.M.

Superior accommodation for 1st and 2nd Class passengers, no surtax, no tips, no inside Cabins.

Stewards, Laundry, Wireless Telegraphy.

FARES: Hongkong-Trieste (Venice), 2-3 1st, 2-3 2nd, 2-3 3rd Class.

MONTHLY ORDINARY SERVICE TO TRIESTE (VENICE) VIA

STRAITS (CALCUTTA), COLOMBO, ADEN, SUMATRA, PORT SAID.

S.S. "PERSEA," 12,500 tons, will leave as above about 4th May.

These Steamers of large tonnage are fitted with comfortable one class accommodation for Saloon
Passengers. No Surtax. Doctor, Stewards, Wireless Telegraphy.

RAILWAY FARES: Trieste-London BY SIMPLON EXPRESS:
Via Venice, Milan, Sion, Lausanne, Paris, Calais or Boulogne, Class I £21.5, II £11.5.

BY ST. GOTTHARD EXPRESS:
Via Venice, Milan, St. Gotthard, Lucerne, Basle, Leon, Calais or Boulogne, Class I £21.5, II £11.5.

Via Vienna, Cologne, Frankfurt, Ostend, Dover, Class I £21.5, II £11.5.

BY TAVERN EXPRESS:
Via Munich, Cologne, Hook or Flushing, Class I £21.5, II £11.5.

TO SHANGHAI.
S.S. "BOHEMIA," 7,900 tons, will leave as above on 1st May, at 5 A.M.

FARES: Hongkong-Shanghai, 25 1st, 24 2nd, 22 3rd Class.

TO KOBE VIA SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA.
S.S. "NIPPON," 13,950 tons, will leave as above about 2nd May.

Cargo taken at through rates to all ports in Adriatic, Levant, Black Sea & Danube, also North & South America.

SANDEE, WIELE & Co., AGENTS,
Princes' Building.

Hongkong, 25th April 1914

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IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINES.

FOR	STEAMERS	TONS	TO SAIL
SHANGHAI, TSINGTAU, KOBE and YOKOHAMA	"LUETZOW" Capt. H. TAYLOR	17,300	Thursday, 30th April
MANILA, LANGAUR, YAP, MAR- ONN, NEWGUINEA, BRISBANE, SYDNEY and MELBOURNE	"PRINZ WALDEMAR" Capt. O. JURANT	5,100	Saturday, 16th May, at 9 A.M.
JESSELTON, KUDAT and SANDAKAN	"BORNEO" Capt. J. KOPFLER	5,000	Monday, 11th May, at 9 A.M.

All the Steamers of the Imperial Line are fitted with Wireless Telegraphic
New System of Telefunken.

RATES INCLUSIVE OF SUR-TAX.

FREIGHT LINE.

NEXT SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

OUTWARD.

HOMEWARD.

Steamship	about	FOR	about
"HELGOLAND"	4th May.	FOR MARSEILLES, ROTTERDAM AND BREMERHAMBURG: S.S. "HELGOLAND"	about Middle of June.
"BORKUM"	21st May.	FOR HAVRE, EMDEN AND HAMBURG/BREMER S.S. "BORKUM"	about End of June.
"ALTAR"	26th May.	FOR MARSEILLES, ROTTERDAM AND BREMERHAMBURG: S.S. "ALTAR"	Beginning of July.
"DURENDART"	8th June.	FOR HAVRE, EMDEN AND HAMBURG/BREMER S.S. "DURENDART"	Middle of July.

For Further Particulars, Please apply to—

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD.
MELCHERS & Co.

GENERAL AGENTS.

Hongkong, 20th April, 1914.

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THE AUSTRALIAN ORIENTAL LINE.

HONGKONG TO PHILIPPINES AND AUSTRALIAN PORTS.

SAILINGS (SUBJECT TO ALTERATION).

Steamer.	Arrives Hongkong from Australia.	Leaves Hongkong for Australia.
"TAIYUAN"	...	30th April.
"CHANGSHA"	27th May.	1st June.

These Steamers are fitted with Refrigerating Machinery, ensuring a plentiful supply of
Ice, Fresh Provisions, etc., and have superior accommodation with Electric Light throughout
and Electric Fans in the State-Rooms. A duly qualified Doctor is carried. Reduced Fares.
Cargo booked through for all Australian, New Zealand and Tasmanian Ports.
For freight or passage, apply to

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Hongkong, 17th April, 1914. TELEPHONE No. 36. AGENTS. [576]

JAVA-CHINA JAPAN LIJN

REGULAR FORTNIGHTLY SERVICE BETWEEN
JAVA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

STEAMER	FROM	EXPECTED ON OR ABOUT	WILL LEAVE FOR	ON OR ABOUT
TJITAROEM	—	—	JAVA	First half of May.
TJIKINI	JAVA	First half of May.	JAPAN	First half of May.
TJILIWONG	SHANGHAI	First half of May.	JAVA	First half of May.
TJIPANAS	JAVA	Second half of May.	SHANGHAI	Second half of May.
TJIMAH	JAVA	Second half of May.	JAPAN	Second half of May.
TJIBODAS	JAVA	Second half of May.	JAVA	First half of June.
TJIMANOEK	JAVA	First half of June.	SHANGHAI	First half of June.
TJILATJAP	JAVA	First half of June.	JAPAN	First half of June.

The Steamers are all fitted throughout with Electric Light and have accommodation for
a limited number of Saloon Passengers, and will take Cargo to all Netherlands-Indian Ports
on through Bills of Lading.

For Particulars of Freight and Passage, apply to the

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LIJN.

Yok Buildings, 1st Floor.

Hongkong, 27th April, 1914.

Telephone No. 1574.

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THOS. COOK & SON.

TOURIST, STEAMSHIP AND FORWARDING AGENTS,
BANKERS, &c.

Head Office for the Far East:—16, DES VEUUX ROAD, HONGKONG.
SHANGHAI: 2-3, FOOCROW ROAD. YOKOHAMA: 32, WATER STREET.
MANILA:—MANILA HOTEL.

TICKETS SUPPLIED TO EUROPE by the principal STEAMSHIP LINES and
TRANS-SIBERIAN RAILWAY.

TOURS arranged to ALL PARTS of the WORLD.

BAGGAGE collected, forwarded and insured at lowest rates.

LETTERS of CREDIT and CIRCULAR NOTES ISSUED and CASHED.

FOREIGN MONIES Exchanged.

CHIEF OFFICE:—LUDGATE CIRCUS, LONDON, E.C.

Hongkong, 21st May, 1913.

[649]

Hoehn Extra Dry

gout american

OBTAINABLE FROM
THE SINCERE CO. LTD.
SUB-AGENT FOR HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 27th April, 1914.



LEONHARDI'S

INKS AND
GUMS,
CARBON
PAPERS
TYPEWRITER
RIBBONS.

ARE THE BEST!

Supplied from local stock of the General Agent for
Hongkong and China.

HUGO C. A. FROMM,

HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 27th April, 1914.



GENERAL AGENT—

HUGO C. A. FROMM,

Hongkong, 27th April, 1914.

POST OFFICE NOTICE.

The *Korcha*, with the MAILS FROM LONDON (via Siberia) of Wednesday and Friday, the 5th and 10th inst. is due to arrive here to-day.

The *Luton*, with the GERMAN MAIL, left Singapore on Saturday, the 25th inst., at noon, and is due to arrive here to-day, at 6 p.m.

The *Nubia*, with the MAIL FROM LONDON (via Siberia) of Saturday, the 11th inst., is due to arrive here on Friday, the 1st May.

The *Paul Leroy*, with the AMERICAN MAIL, ex *Siberia*, is scheduled to arrive here on Monday, the 4th May.

On and after 1st May the new Sai Ying Pun Branch Post Office, situated in the Sanitary Department Office, Pokfulam Road, will be opened for the transaction of business, viz.: Sale of Stamps, Registration, &c.

The Office hours will be, week days 7 a.m. to 7 p.m.; Sundays and Holidays 8 to 9 a.m. and 6 to 7 p.m. The University Branch Post Office will cease to do business on 1st May.

Chinese Registered Correspondence will not be delivered on a signature only. The Clerk of a firm of standing will in each case be required in addition. The Postmen have instructions not to part with any registered article until the above regulation has been complied with.

FOR PER DATE

Hoihow, Pakhoi and Hsianghong... Wednesday, 29th, 9.00 A.M.

*Shanghai, *North China, *Japan via *Nagasaki, *Victoria, B.C., and *Tacoma... Wednesday, 29th, 11.00 A.M.

Batavia, Samarang and Soerabaya... Wednesday, 29th, 1.00 P.M.

Philippine Islands, Australia, Tasmania, and New Zealand via Port Darwin... Thursday, 30th, 9.00 A.M.

Swatow, Amoy & Formosa via Takao & Anping... Thursday, 30th, 9.00 A.M.

SHANGHAI, NORTH CHINA, AND JAPAN VIA KOBE... Thursday, 30th, 9.00 A.M.

(EUROPE VIA SIBERIA) [To make connection with the Dalny steamer leaving Shanghai on Monday, the 4th May.]

Hoihow, Hsianghong and *Pakhoi... Thursday, 30th, 10.00 A.M.

Hoihow, Hsianghong and *Pakhoi... Thursday, 30th, 10.00 A.M.

*Swatow, *Wellaui, *Chefoo and *Tientsin... Thursday, 30th, 10.00 A.M.

SHANGHAI, NORTH CHINA, JAPAN VIA NAGASAKI, UNITED STATES, SOUTH AMERICA AND CANADA VIA VANCOUVER (EUROPE VIA SIBERIA)

[To make connection with the Dalny steamer leaving Shanghai on Monday, the 4th May.]

*Shanghai and *North China... Thursday, 30th, 3.00 P.M.

Shanghai and North China... Thursday, 30th, 5.00 P.M.

Philippine Is., Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand via Port Darwin... Friday, 1st, 9.00 A.M.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow... Friday, 1st, 11.00 A.M.

Straits and India via Calcutta... Friday, 1st, 1.00 P.M.

*Straits and *Ceylon... Friday, 1st, 4.00 P.M.

Hoihow, and Bangkok... Saturday, 2nd, 8.00 A.M.

Shanghai North China, & Japan via Yokohama... Saturday, 2nd, 11.00 A.M.

Philippine Islands... Saturday, 2nd, 1.00 P.M.

*Shanghai and *North China... Saturday, 2nd, 3.00 P.M.

SHANGHAI AND NORTH CHINA (EUROPE VIA SIBERIA)

[To make connection with the Tsingpu train leaving Shanghai on Thursday, the 7th May.]

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow... Sunday, 3rd, 9.00 A.M.

*Shanghai and *North China... Sunday, 3rd, 11.00 A.M.

Swatow, Amoy and Foochow... Sunday, 3rd, 1.00 P.M.

SAIGON, STRAITS, CEYLON, ADELAIDE, WESTERN AUSTRALIA, INDIA, ADEN, EGYPT, and EUROPE via MARSEILLES (Late Letters 11 to Noon, Extra postage 10 cents).

(Letters posted in all the Pillar Boxes in time for the first steamer will be included in this contract mail.)

Formosa via Keelung, Shanghai, North China, Japan via Wafu, Victoria, B.C., and Seattle, Wash... Tuesday, 5th, 3.00 P.M.

Philippine Islands... Tuesday, 5th, 5.00 P.M.

*Shanghai and *North China... Tuesday, 5th, 7.00 P.M.

*Japan via *Nagasaki... Tuesday, 5th, 9.00 P.M.

*Pakhoi and Hsianghong... Tuesday, 5th, 11.00 P.M.

*Straits and *Ceylon... Tuesday, 5th, 1.00 A.M.

Specialy superscribed correspondence only.

COMMERCIAL

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

April 28th.	
ON LONDON—	
Telegraphic Transfer	1/11 1/2
Bank Bills, on demand	1/11 1/2
Bank Bills, at 30 days' sight	1/11 1/2
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight	1/11 1/2
Credits, at 4 months' sight	1/11 1/2
Documentary Bills 4 months' sight	1/11 1/2
ON PARIS—	
Bank Bills, on demand	246
Credits, at 4 months' sight	251
ON GERMANY—	
On demand	200
ON NEW YORK—	
Bank Bills, on demand	47 1/2
Credits, at 60 days' sight	48 1/2
ON BOMBAY—	
Telegraphic Transfer	145 1/2
Bank, on demand	146
ON CALCUTTA—	
Telegraphic Transfer	145 1/2
Bank, on demand	146
ON SHANGHAI—	
Bank, at sight	73 1/2
Private, 30 days' sight	74 1/2
ON YOKOHAMA—On demand	95 1/2
ON MANILA—On demand—Peso	96
ON SINGAPORE—On demand	83 1/2
ON BATAVIA—On demand	117 1/2
ON HAIPHONG—On demand	3 1/2 p.m.
ON SAIGON—On demand	3 1/2
ON BANGKOK—On demand	7 1/2
SOVEREIGNS, Bank's Buying Rate	\$10.15
GOLD LEAF, 100 fine, per leaf	\$53.60
BAR SILVER, per oz.	27 1/2

SUBSIDIARY COINS.

Hongkong, 20 cents pieces, ...	7.50 discount.
Hongkong, 10 ...	8.50

MAILS VIA SIBERIA.

Leave	Due
London	April 10th.
Shanghai	April 25th.
April 11th.	April 27th.

SHARE LIST—QUOTATIONS.

HONGKONG, 27th APRIL, 1914.

STOCKS.	NO. OF SHARES.	VALUE.	PAID UP.	CLOSING QUOTATIONS CASH.	RETURN ON BASIS OF LAST DIV'D.
BANKS.—					
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank Corporation	120,000	\$125	all	\$810, sellers	5 1/2 p.e.
China Banking Company, Limited	60,000	\$12	all	\$1,200,282.10/	8 1/2 p.e.
China Light and Power Company, Ltd.	50,000	\$5	all	\$4.10, sellers	
China Provident Loan & Mortgage Co. Ltd.	200,000	\$10	all	\$8 1/2, sellers	7 1/2 p.e.
COTTON MILLS.—					
Ewo Cotton Spinning & Weaving Co. Ltd.	20,000	Tls. 50	all	Tls. 127, bid. &	
Hongkong Cotton Spinning Co. Ltd.	125,000	\$10	all	\$8 1/2, sellers	
Dairy Farm Company, Limited	40,000	\$7 1/2	all	\$37, buyers	5 p.e.
DOCKS AND WHARVES.—					
Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf & S. Co. Ltd.	60,000	\$50	all	\$82	5 p.e.
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Co. Ltd.	50,000	\$50	all	\$68, buyers	3 p.e.
New Amoy Dock Co., Limited	10,000	\$68 1/2	all	\$84	7 1/2 p.e.
Shanghai Dock and Engineering Co. Ltd.	55,700	Tls. 100	all	Tls. 59, buyers	
Shanghai and Hongkong Wharf Co. Ltd.	36,000	Tls. 100	all	Tls. 94	
Green Island Cement Co. Limited	400,000	\$10	all	\$6, sales	
Hongkong Electric Co., Limited	60,000	\$10	all	\$45 1/2	4 p.e.
Hongkong Hotel Company Limited	20,000	\$50	all	\$123 1/2	5 p.e.
Manila Metropolitan Hotel, Limited	15,000	Pn. 10	all	Pn. 38, sellers	
Hongkong Ice Company, Limited	5,000	\$25	all	\$190, buyers	5 1/2 p.e.
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Co. Ltd.	60,000	\$10	all	\$22	9 1/2 p.e.
Hongkong & South China Steam Navigation Co. Ltd.	15,000	\$5	all	\$10	
Hongkong Steel Foundry Co. Ltd.	15,000	\$10	all	\$10	
Hongkong Tramway Co., Ltd.	325,000	5/-	all	8 1/4, buyers	
INSURANCE.—					
Canton Insurance Office Co., Limited	10,000	\$250	\$50	\$330, buyers	6 p.e.
China Fire Insurance Co., Limited	20,000	\$100	\$20	\$145, buyers	6 1/2 p.e.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Co. Ltd.	8,000	\$250	\$50	\$368, buyers	7 1/2 p.e.
North-China Insurance Co., Limited	10,000	\$15	\$5	Tls. 145, buyers	
Union Insurance Society, Limited	12,400	\$250	\$100	\$790, sellers	6 1/2 p.e.
Yangtze Insurance Association, Ltd.	12,000	\$100	\$60	\$195, x. div. & Ex 75	
LANDS AND BUILDINGS.—					
Hongkong Land Invest. Agency Co., Ltd.	50,000	\$100	all	\$112, buyers	6 1/2 p.e.
Hongkong Land Reclamation Co., Ltd.	35,000	\$100	all	\$75	
Humphreys Estate and Finance Co. Ltd.	150,000	\$10	all	\$3, sellers	5 1/2 p.e.
Kowloon Land and Building Co., Ltd.	6,000	\$50	all	\$30	7 p.e.
Shanghai Land Investment Co., Ltd.	78,000	Tls. 50	all	Tls. 29, buyers	
West Point Building Co., Limited	12,500	\$50	all	\$59, buyers	5 1/2 p.e.
MASSACHUSETTS (Mijn, Bosch-en) Landbouw exploitatie in Langkat	250,000	Gds. 10	all	Tls. 43, buyers	
MINING.—					
China Engineering and M. Co., Ltd.	1,000,000	\$1	all	\$9	
Heswood Tin and Rubber Estate, Ltd.	872,000	2/-	all	2/6	
Raub Australian Gold Mining Co. Ltd.	200,000	\$1	all	\$5	
Troch Mines, Limited	160,000	\$1	all	\$4 1/2, sellers	7 1/2 p.e.
Peak Tramways Co., Limited	25,000	\$10	all	\$10.40	
Philippine Co., Limited	50,000	\$10	all	\$9.93, sellers	
Pulper et Papeteries du Tonkin Societe des	13,200	\$50	all	\$20, seller	
REFINERIES.—					
China Sugar Refining Co., Limited	20,000	\$100	all	\$82, buyers	3 p.e.
Luxon Sugar Refining Co., Limited	7,000	\$100	all	\$28	
STEAMSHIP COMPANIES.—					
China and Malacca Steamship Co., Ltd.	30,000	\$25	all	\$31	
Douglas Steamship Co., Limited	20,000	\$50	all	\$28 1/2	5 p.e.
Hongkong, Canton & Macao S. S. Co. Ltd.	80,000	\$15	all	\$28 1/2	7 1/2 p.e.
Lido-China Steam Navigation Co., Ltd.	60,000 p.w. & 60,000 d.f.	25/-	all	\$57 1/2, L/don. & 57, 10s.	6 p.e.
Shell Transport & Trading Co., Ltd.	2,500,000	\$1	all	\$48 1/2	3 1/2 p.e.
Star Ferry Company, Limited	40,000	\$10	all	\$20	
South China Morning Post, Limited	5,000	\$25	all	\$4 1/2, buyers	
Steam Laundry Company, Limited	20,000	\$5	all	\$4 1/2, buyers	
STOCKS AND DISPENSARIES.—					
Watson & Co., S. S. Limited	15,000	\$7	all	\$8 1/2	4 p.e.
Union Waterboat Co., Limited	50,000	\$10	all	\$20, sellers	5 1/2 p.e.

Pars Rubber in London 2/11 1/2 per lb.

Loans.	Amount.	Value.	Interest.	Quotation.
Chinese Imperial 1936	Tls. 787,200.	Tls. 250	7% p. annum	Par.

VERNON & SMYTH, Share Brokers.

TO-DAY

4 p.m.—The Association of Exporters and Dealers of Hongkong Annual General Meeting in the Old Chamber of Commerce Room, City Hall.

TO-MORROW

8 p.m.—Annual "Old Alanyan" Dinner in the Hongkong Hotel.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

Thursday, 14th May.—

11.30 a.m.—Hongkong Electric Co., Ltd. Meeting of Shareholders.

FOR EUROPE AND AMERICA.

INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c.

and for

PRIVATE RESIDENTS AT THE OUTPOSTS.

A Comprehensive and Complete Record of the

NEWS OF THE FAR EAST

is given in the

HONGKONG WEEKLY

with which is incorporated

THE CHINA OVERLAND TRAVEL REPORT.

Subscription, paid in advance, \$12 per annum. Postage 3s to any part of the World.



"EMBASSY" CIGARETTES ARE DELIGHTFUL—IN 10'S, 25'S AND 50'S TINS.

MILKMAID RICH THICK CREAM

(Which can be Whipped but cannot be Beaten).

SIMPLY
PURE
CREAM.

Packed in Three Sizes of Tins—
1 1/2 oz., 5 1/2 oz., 4 oz., nett weights.

Obtainable from—

MESSRS. LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

"H. RUTTONS & SON."

"THE FRENCH STORE."

"THE SINCERE CO."

[37-1]

KEEP COOL!

IT'S QUITE EASY EVEN IN THIS WEATHER, IF YOU INSTAL A

"FREEZOR FAN"

3 SPEEDS VARYING FROM A GENTLE BREEZE TO A TYPHOON.

Suitable for

HONGKONG, KOWLOON, CANTON and MACAO.

"SURPASSES ALL

OTHER TYPES.

WM. C. JACK
& CO., LTD.,

ELECTRICAL AND MECHANICAL

ENGINEERS.

14, DES VEAUX ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

Tel. 358. Cablegrams: "Marine-work."



"If a man can write a better book, preach a better sermon or make a better mousetrap than his neighbour, though he build his house in the woods, the world will make a beaten track to his door."—EMERSON.

[49-1]

THE DISTILLERS' COMPANY, LTD. DRY AND OLD TOM LONDON GINS.

THE "SHIELD"

TRADE MARK.

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE &
CO., LTD.,

6, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

TELEPHONE No. 135.

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